

# Intelligent Control and Management of Energy Storage Pilot Systems

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Energy Storage in Cyprus Workshop – Net technologies and challenges



6<sup>th</sup> of October 2022

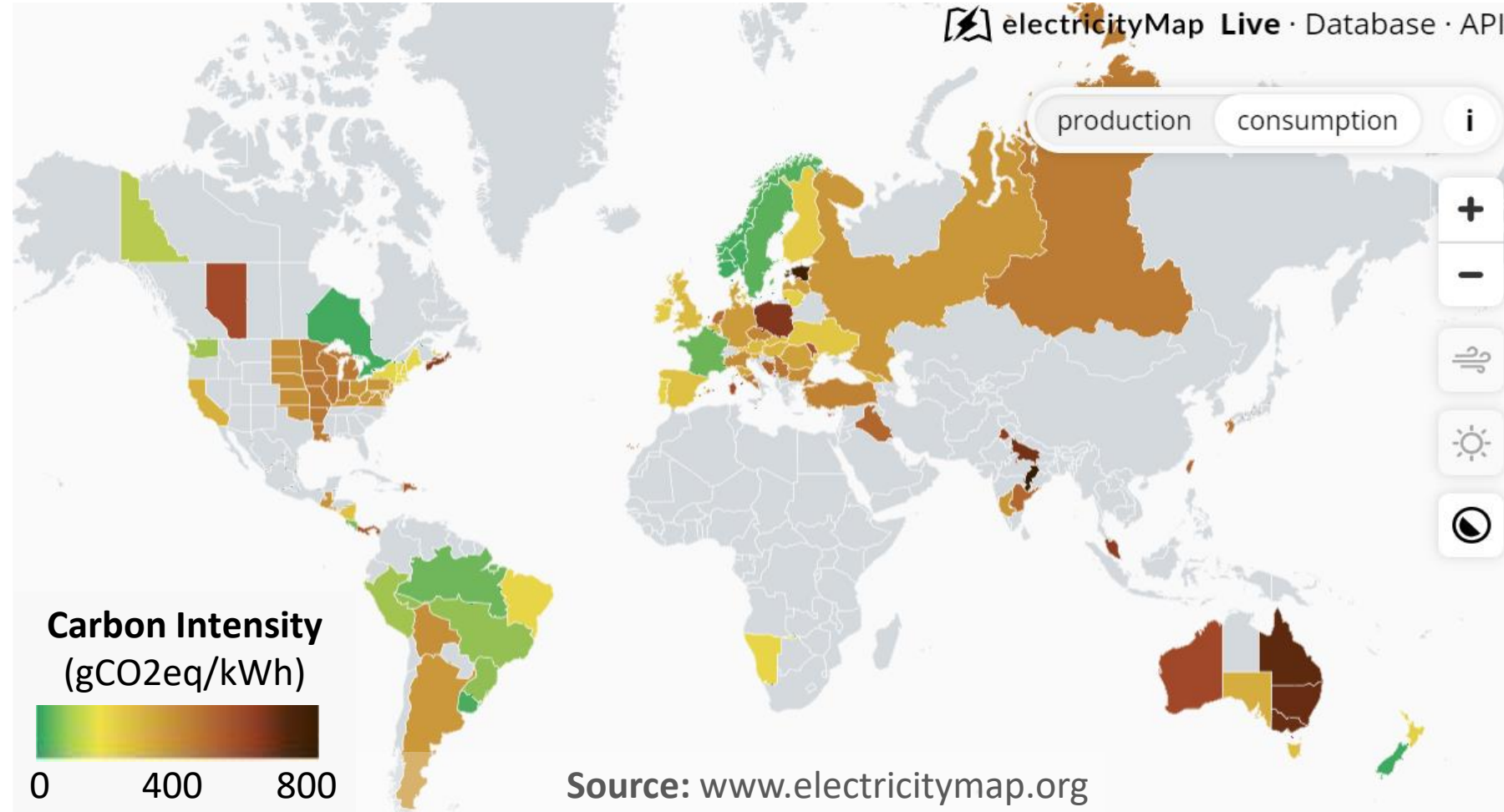
# Outline

- **Introduction**
- **Energy storage pilots' development**
- **Intelligent control and management solutions for energy storage**
- **Conclusions**

# Introduction

# Problem

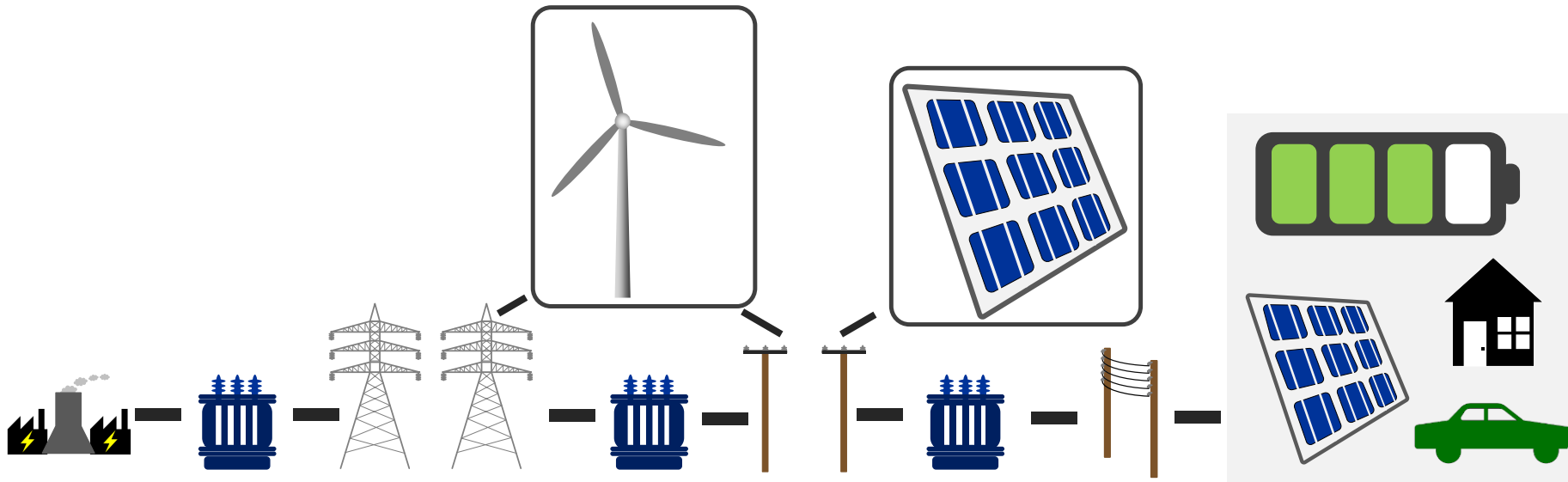
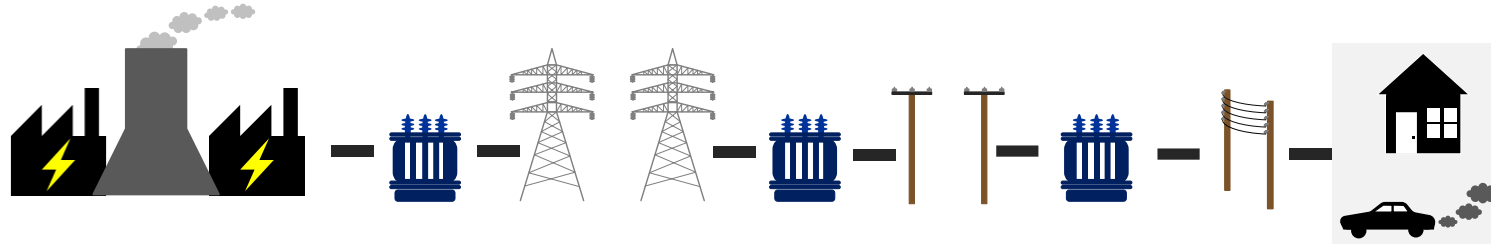
- Traditional power systems (fossil fuels) are directly related to carbon dioxide emissions and global warming



- Emissions per kWh

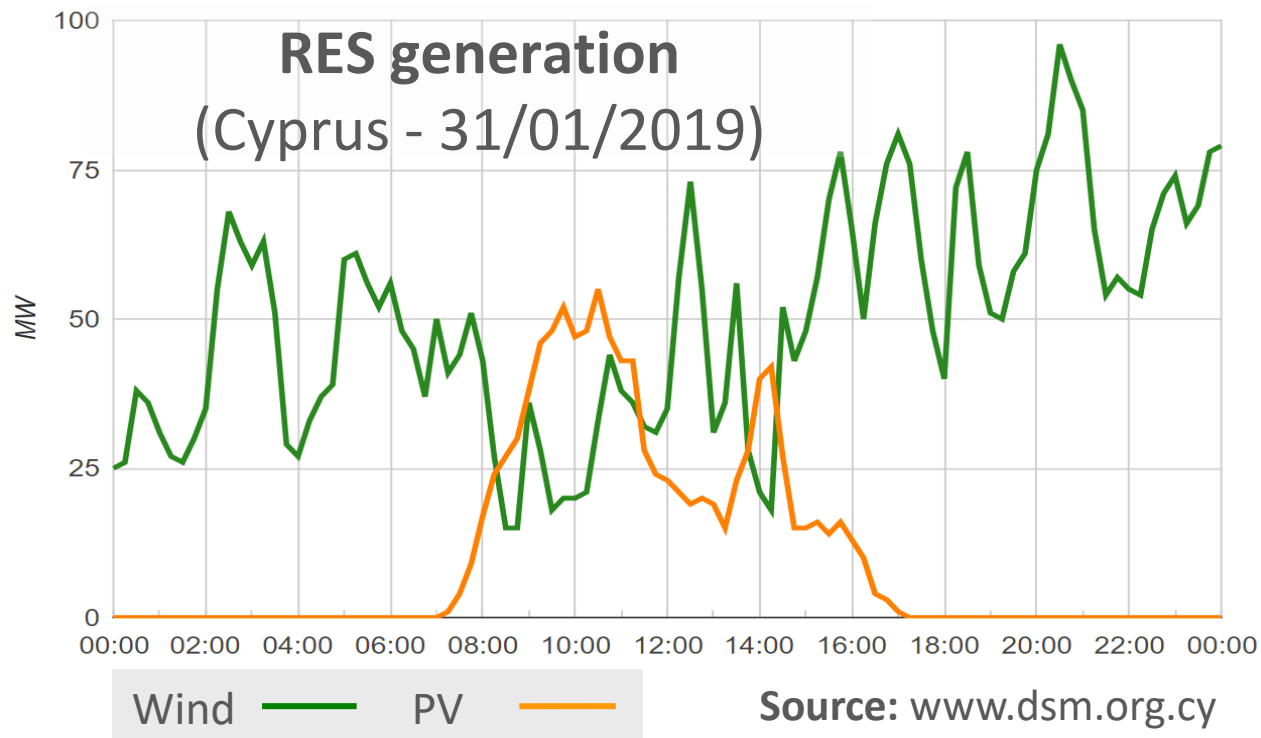
# Motivation

- Green, digital, intelligent and secure evolution of power systems



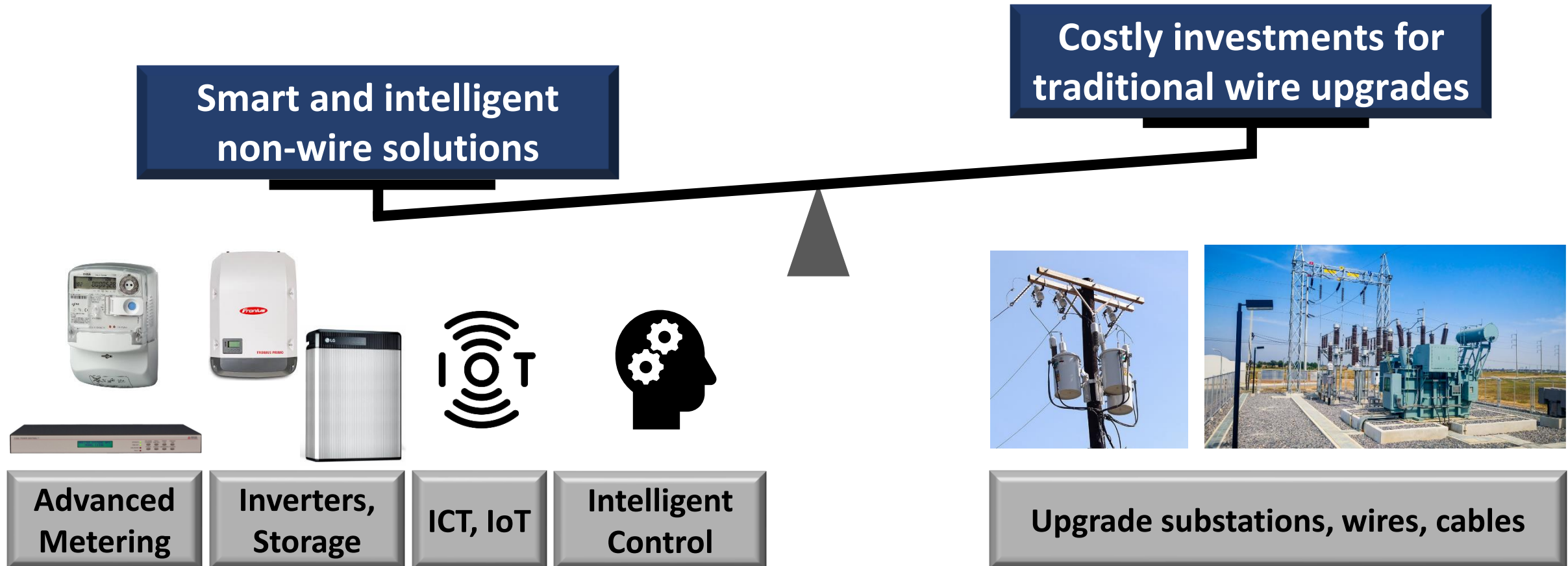
# Challenges

- **The massive penetration and the unpredicted nature of Renewable Energy Sources (RES) imposes critical operational challenges:**
  - Stability problems
  - Inefficient operation
  - Power quality issues
- **Electrification of transportation and thermal sectors increases the demand**



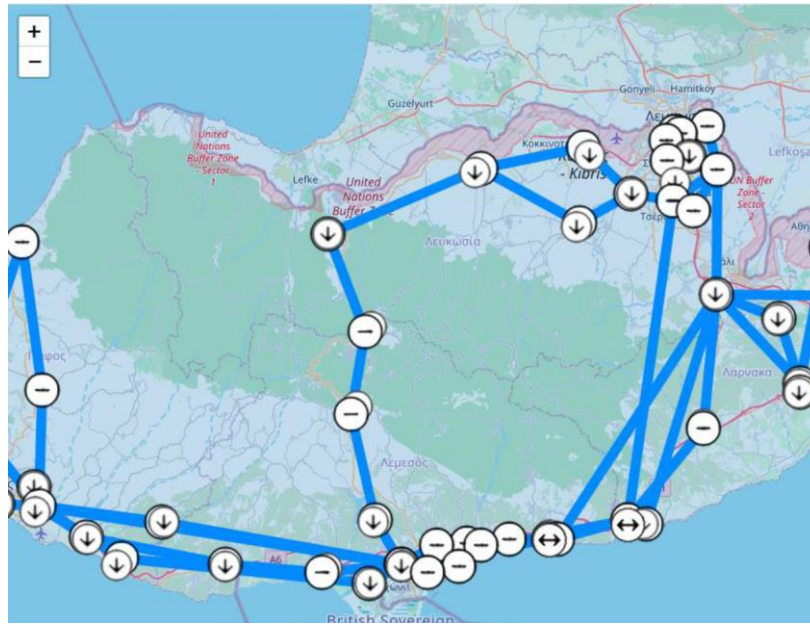
# Possible Solutions

- There is a need to evolve power systems to ensure a sustainable, reliable, efficient and high-quality operation under the new circumstances



## 1. EMPOWER Platform - For enhancing the TSO management capabilities

- Upgrade the measuring infrastructure of 18 power substations with phasor measurement units for synchronized measurements every 20 ms
- Integrate novel monitoring and control solutions for Cyprus power system





## 2. Flexible Energy Storage Solutions (ESS) - For advancing RESs integration

- A holistic multi-level control framework for intelligent operation of ESS
- A universal architecture to integrate intelligent management-control algorithms
- Validation and demonstration of ESS in different pilots



Image credit: Stock

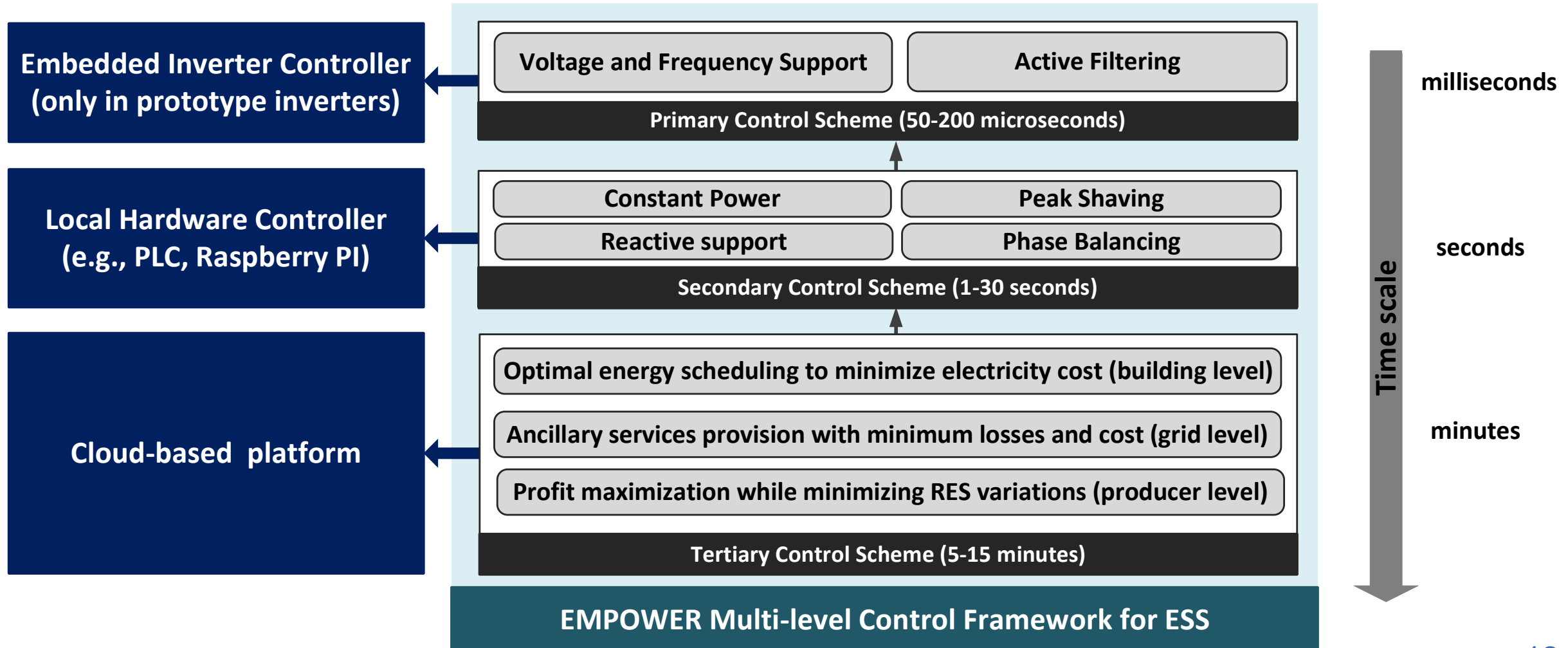
# Energy Storage Pilots' Development

# Energy Storage Pilots' Development

- **The development of pilot sites aims to demonstrate in real-life environment how intelligent control solutions for Energy Storage Systems (ESSs) can:**
  - advance the grid integration of RESs
  - enhance the competitiveness of green investments
  - maximize the allowable penetration limits for RESs
- **Three different energy storage pilots have been developed:**
  - At producer level
  - At grid-community level
  - At building level
- **A common platform architecture is applied in those pilots to integrate intelligent control and management schemes for the ESSs**

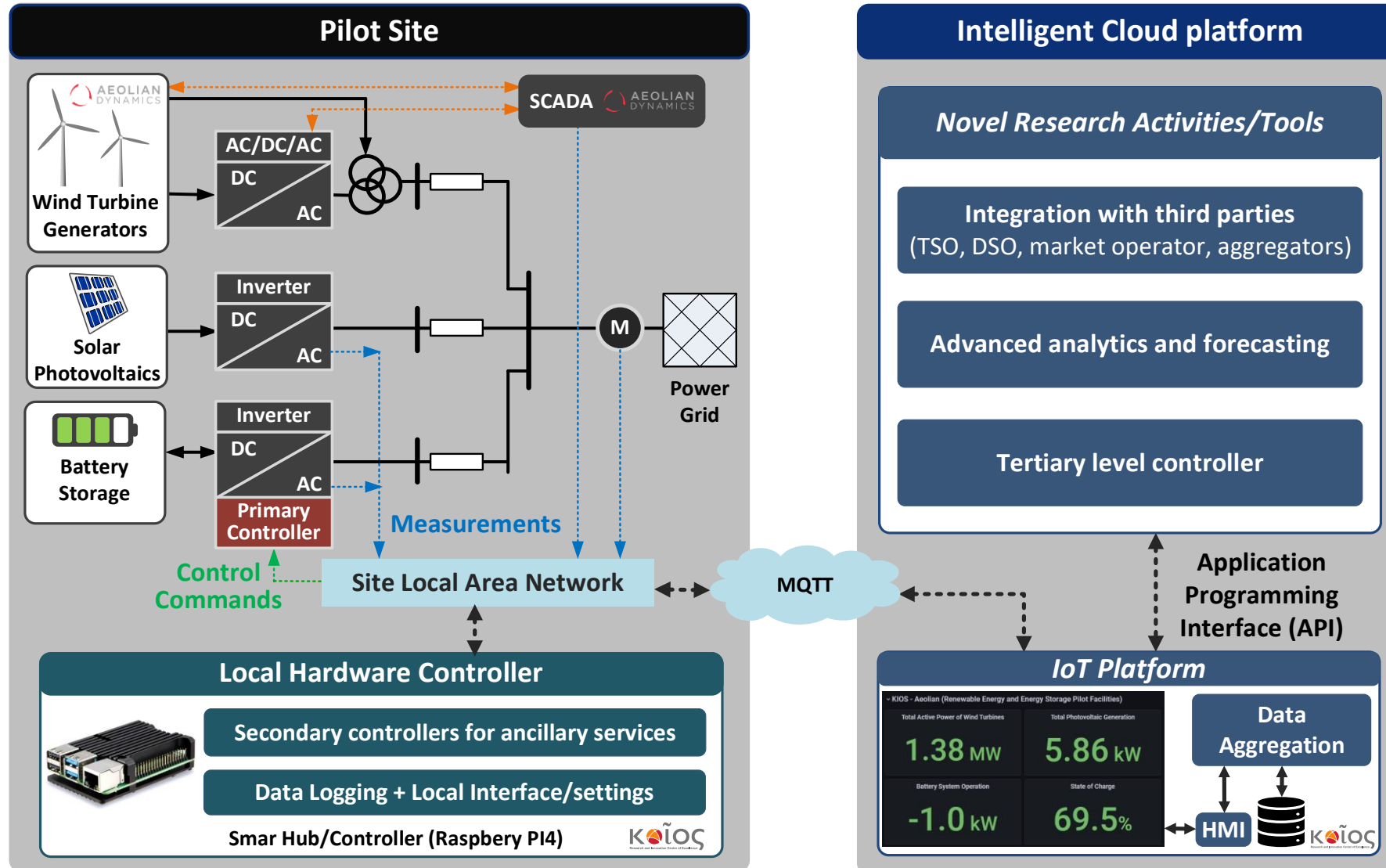
# Energy Storage Pilots' Development

- A holistic multi-level and multi-functional control architecture



# Energy Storage Pilots' Development

- A common platform architecture to integrate intelligent control algorithms



# Energy Storage Pilots' Development



## EMPOWER Pilot I - Energy Storage and RES – (producer level)



▼ KIOS - Aeolian (Renewable Energy and Energy Storage Pilot Facilities)

### Total Active Power of Wind Turbines

# 2.80 MW

### Total Photovoltaic Generation

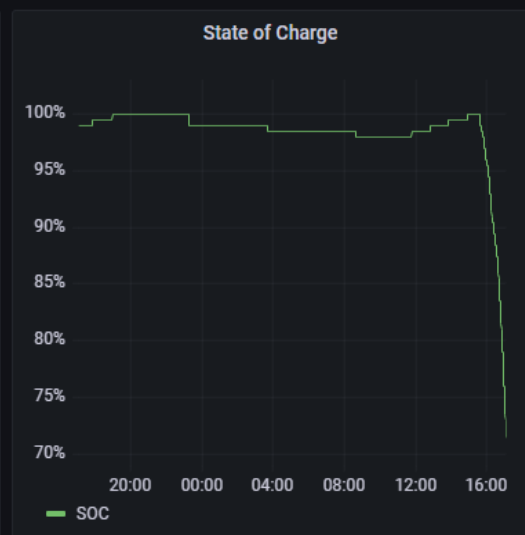
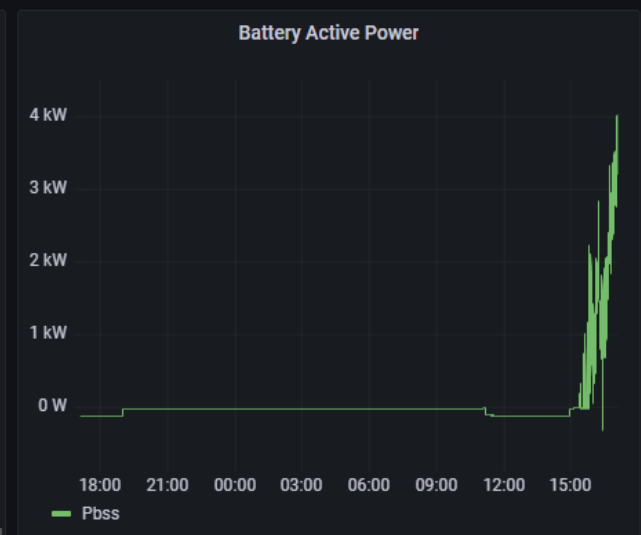
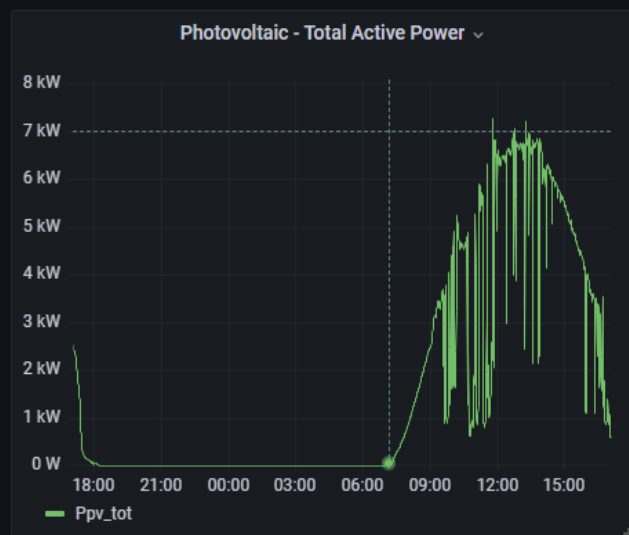
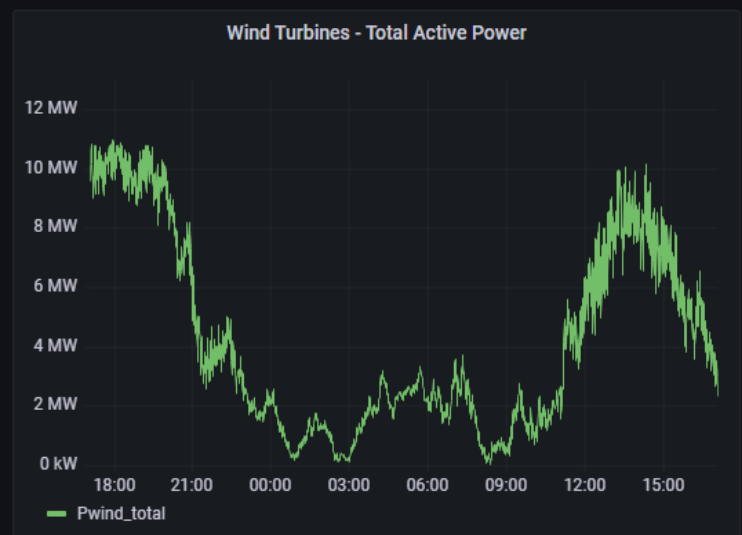
# 1.19 kW

### Battery System Operation

# 4.43 kW

### State of Charge

# 51.5%



▼ Battery Control Panel

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pcharge=0kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pcharge=1kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pcharge=2kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pcharge=3kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pdischarge=1kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pdischarge=2kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pdischarge=3kW & Q=0kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pcharge=1kW & Q=-0.5kVar**

### BSS Control Button

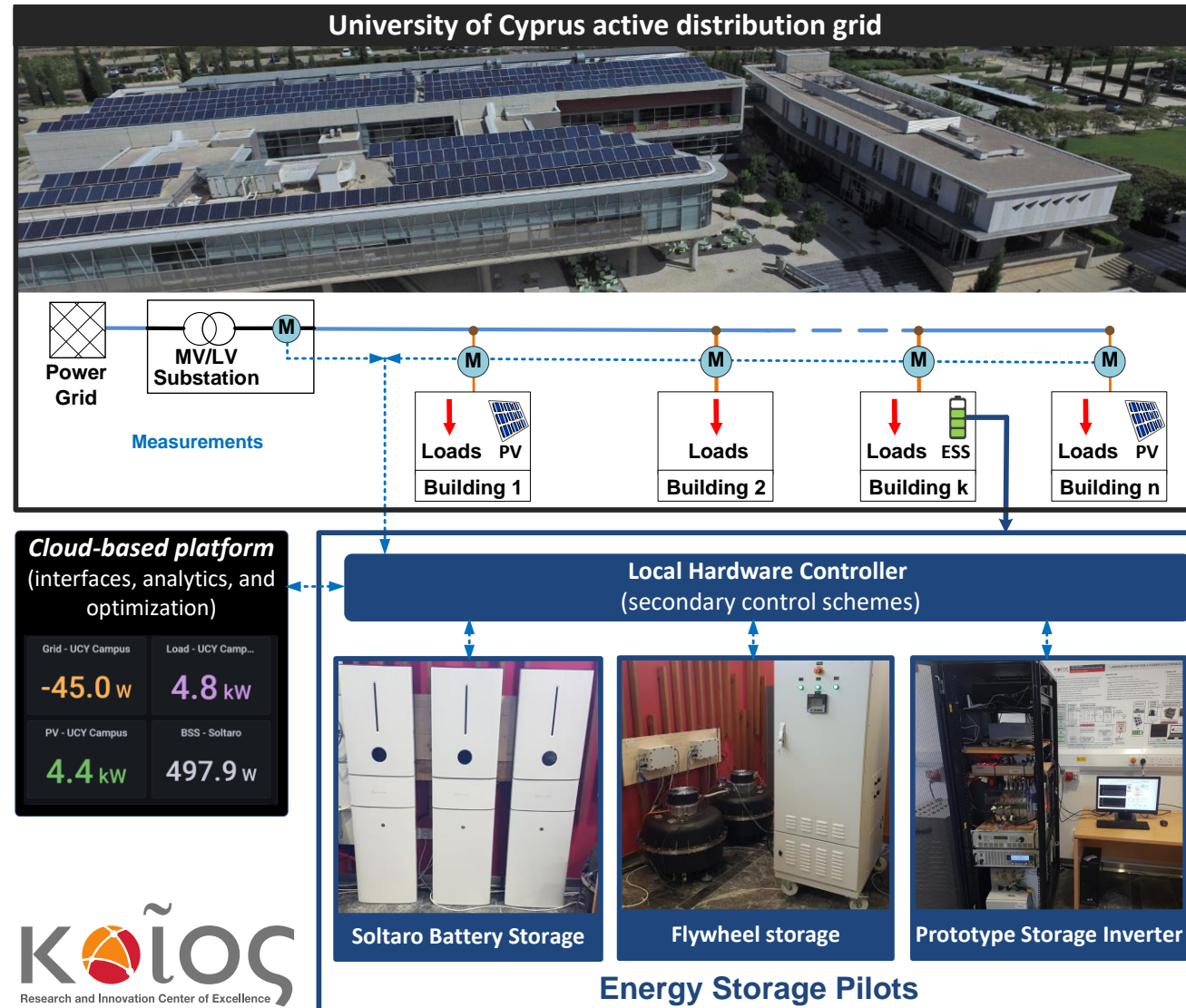
⚙️ **Pcharge=2kW & Q=-1kVar**

### BSS Control Button

⚙️ **Pcharge=3kW & Q=-1.5kVar**

# Energy Storage Pilots' Development

## EMPOWER Pilot II - Energy Storage for active distribution grids – (grid level)





# Energy Storage Pilots' Development **WiseStorage**

## **WiseStorage** Pilot - Energy Storage for smart buildings (building level)

### Flexible Residential Prosumer

**WiseStorage**  
Pilot Building

5 kW rooftop  
photovoltaic system

7 kWh Battery  
Storage System

Fast-reporting  
smart meter



**WiseWire**  
Energy Box



**WiseStorage**

Web-based energy  
management platform



**WiseStorage** >>

**WiseWire**  
Energy Solutions

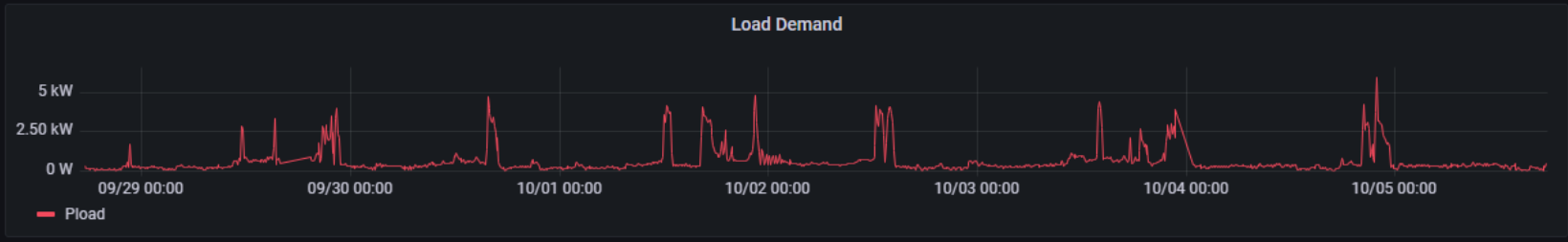
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Picture Air In nngs Sensors BSS - Aeolian Empower - Pilot 2: UCY Campus with Soritro BSS

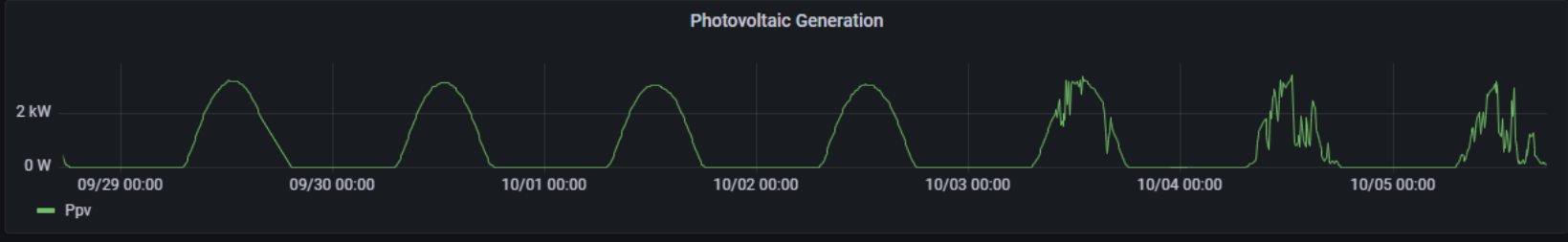
WiseStorage Pilot - Smart Building in Nicosia

<p>Load Consumption Now</p> <p><b>144 w</b></p>	<p>Photovoltaic Power</p> <p><b>41 w</b></p>	<p>Battery Power (+disc. &amp; -ch.) Now</p> <p><b>157 w</b></p>	<p>Battery State of Charge Now</p> <p><b>92.8%</b></p>	<p>Power Exchange With the Grid Now</p> <p><b>-54.51 w</b></p>	<p>Project</p> <p><b>WiseStorage</b></p>
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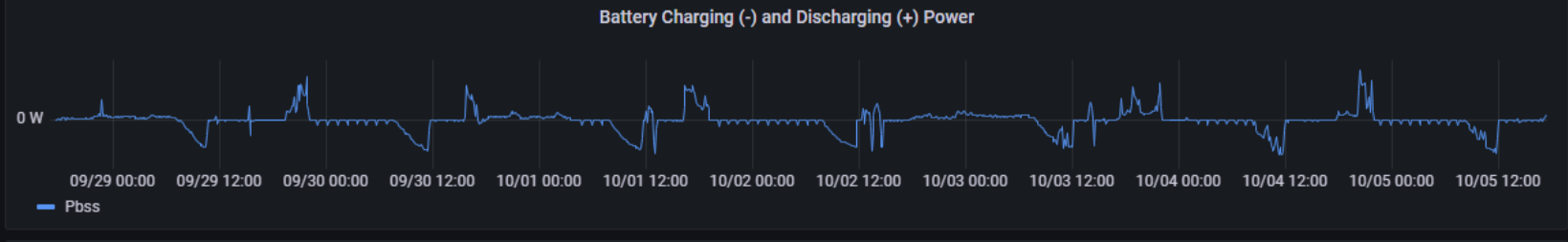
Electricity Cost - Without Photovoltaic or Battery (Last 7 days)

**€36.8**



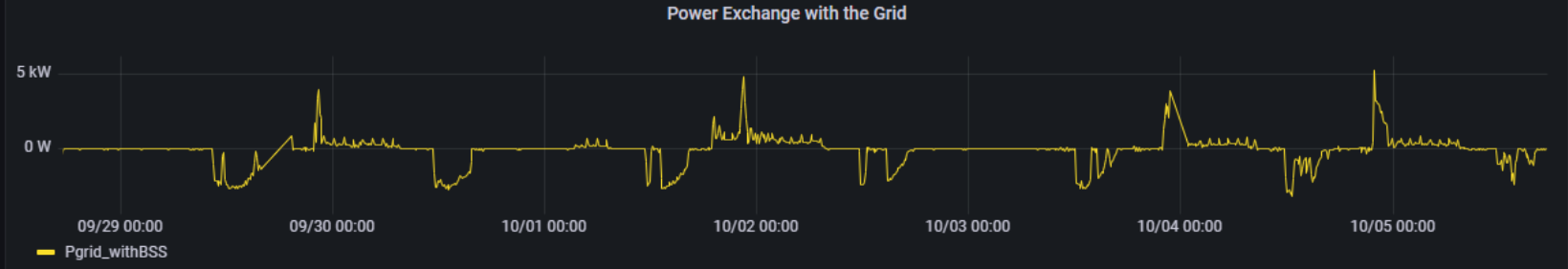
Profit with Photovoltaics (Last 7 days)

**€33.7**



Profit with Photovoltaics and Battery (Last 7 days)

**€36.9**



Partners

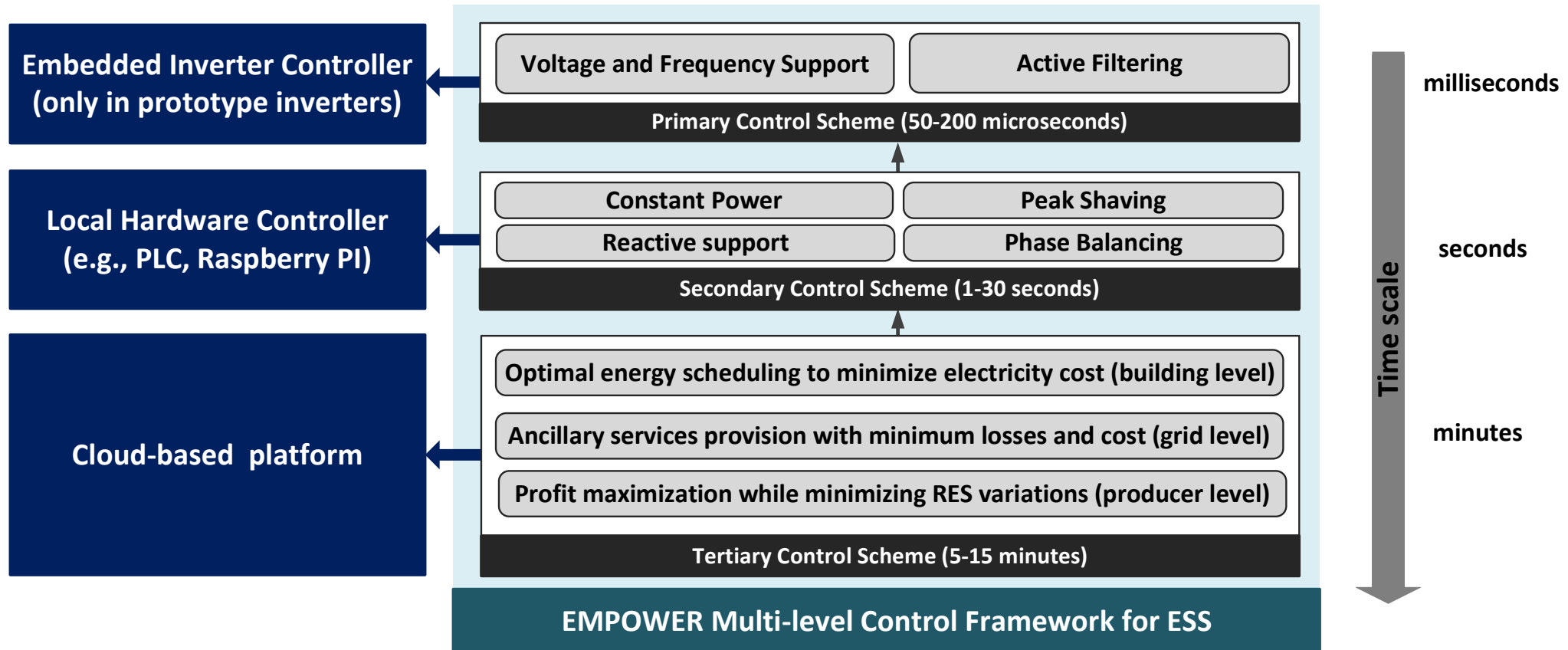
**WiseWire**  
Energy Solutions

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# Intelligent Control and Management Solutions

# Intelligent Control and Management

- Each ESS pilot may have common or different objectives
- Each control scheme (primary/secondary/tertiary) should be integrated at a different level (e.g., inverter controller, local controller, cloud platform)



## Primary Control Schemes

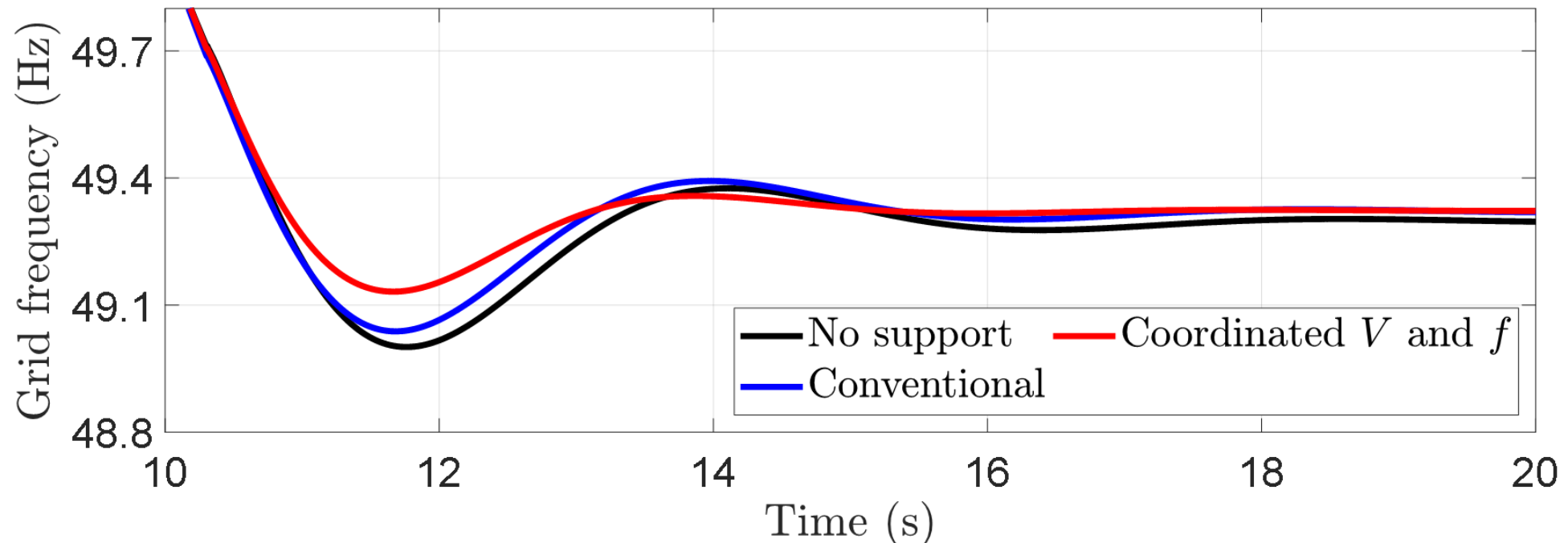
- **Voltage and Frequency Support** to enhance system stability
  - An advanced control scheme is developed for the ESS inverter [1] to:
    - Coordinate between voltage and frequency support according to fault characteristics
    - Enhance frequency support by providing droop control and virtual inertia to mimic the response of conventional generators → 
$$\Delta P = k_f |\Delta f| + \frac{2H_{vi}S_n}{Vf_n} \cdot \frac{df}{dt}$$
    - Provide optimal voltage support for ESS connected to the distribution grids by controlling both active and reactive power
- Integration of the primary controller to the prototype inverter



Prototype Storage Inverter

## Primary Control Schemes

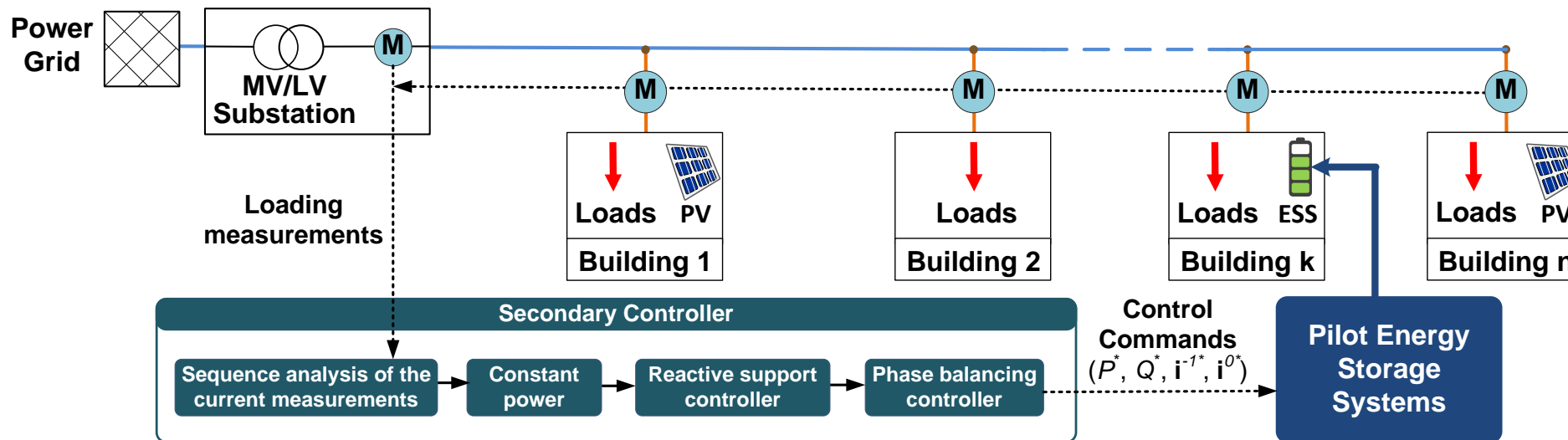
- Voltage and Frequency Support to enhance system stability
  - Impact of the proposed control method on power system stability:
    - Voltage stability → 8-10% average improvement
    - Frequency stability → 20% improvement on frequency nadir and RoCoF



# Intelligent Control and Management

## Secondary Control Schemes

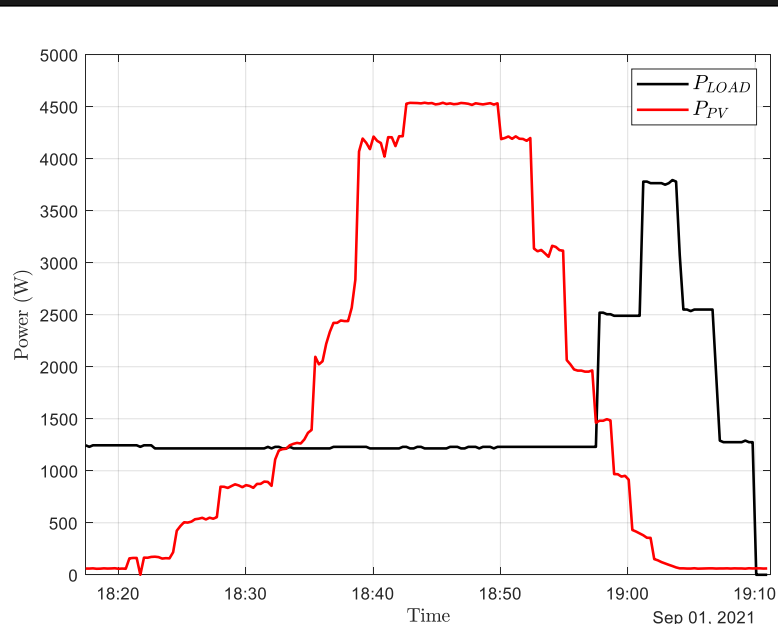
- **Constant power, reactive support and phase balancing scheme**
  - **Constant power** → regulate the active power exchange with the grid
  - **Reactive support** → to achieve a unity power factor (reactive power equals to zero)
  - **Phase balancing** → to symmetrize the loading conditions among the three phases (either by using advanced controller for 3-phase inverter [2] or by using three individual 1-phase inverters)



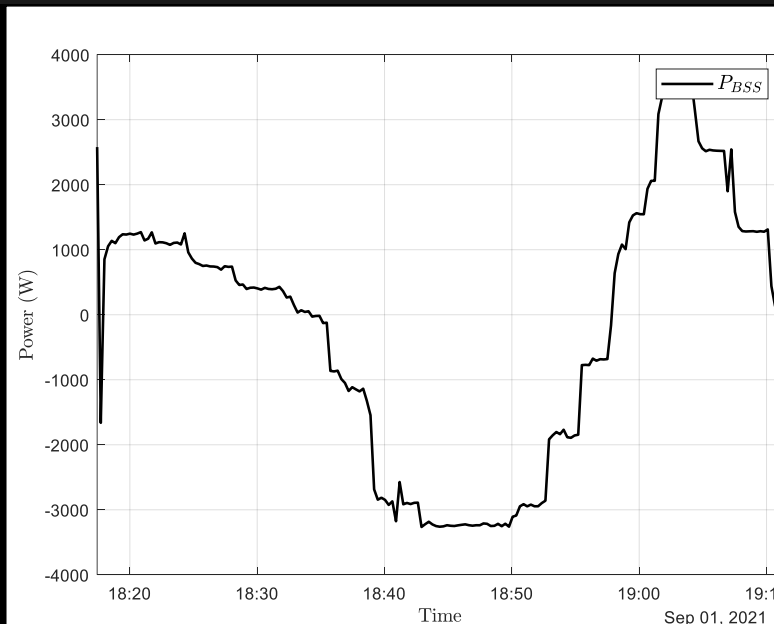
## Secondary Control Schemes

- Constant power, Reactive support and Phase balancing scheme
  - Pilot results for constant power mode

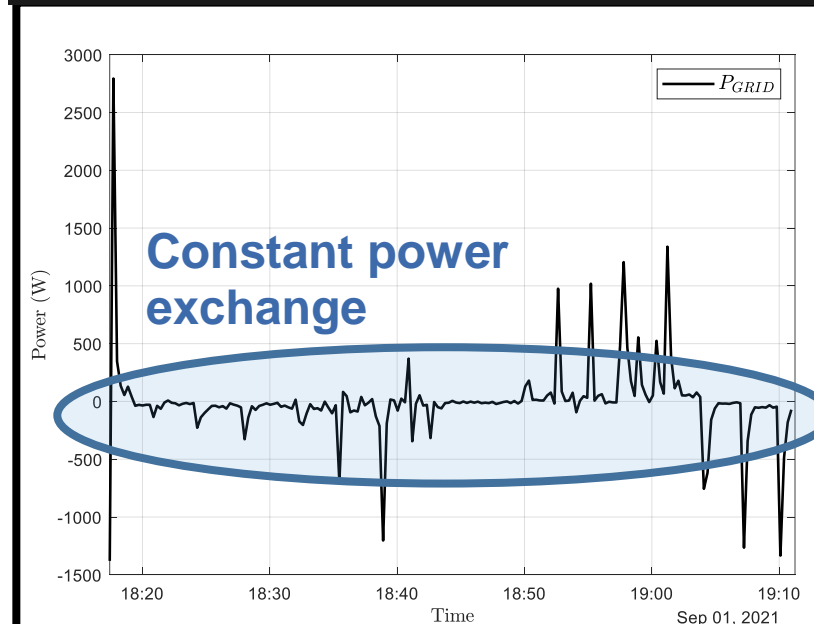
### PV generation – Load consumption



### ESS operation



### Exchange power with the grid

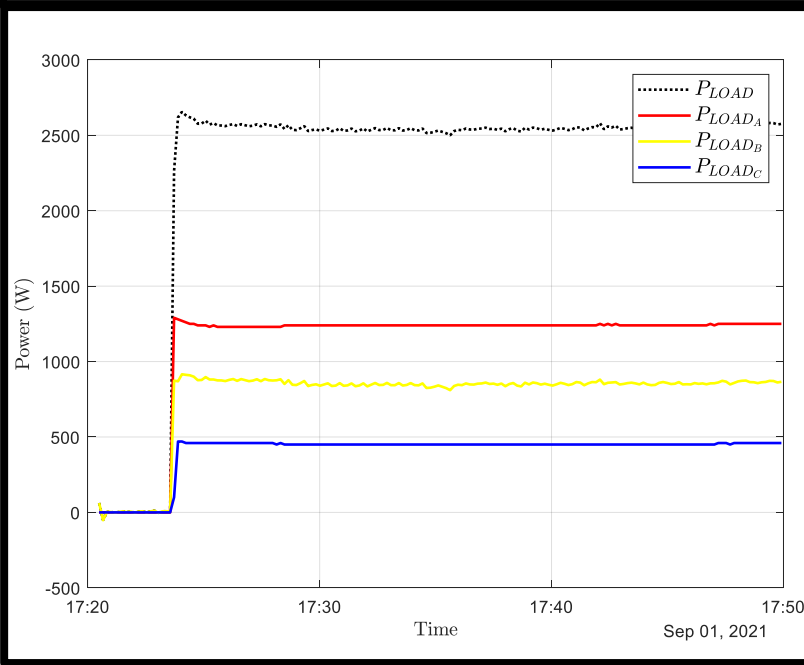




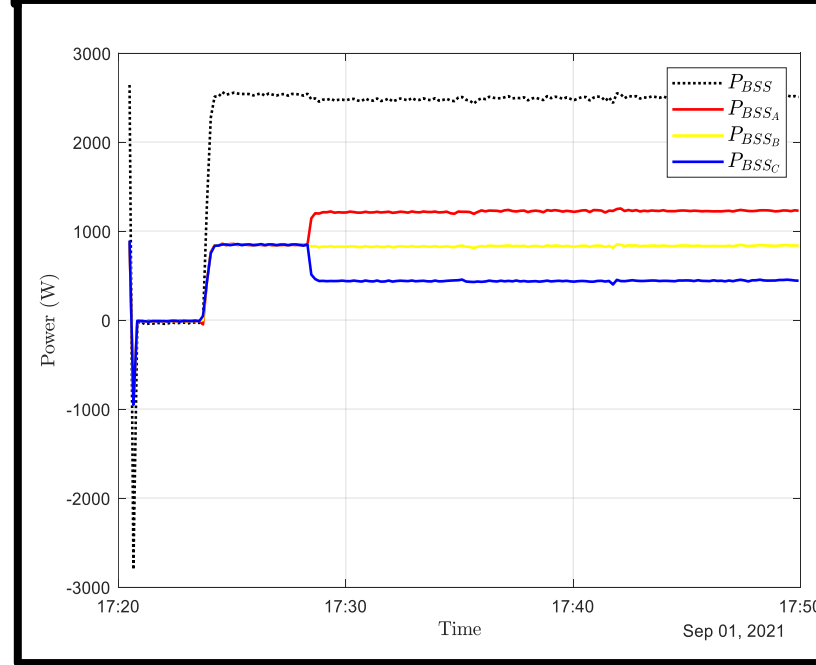
## Secondary Control Schemes

- Constant power, Reactive support and Phase balancing scheme
  - Pilot results for phase balancing mode

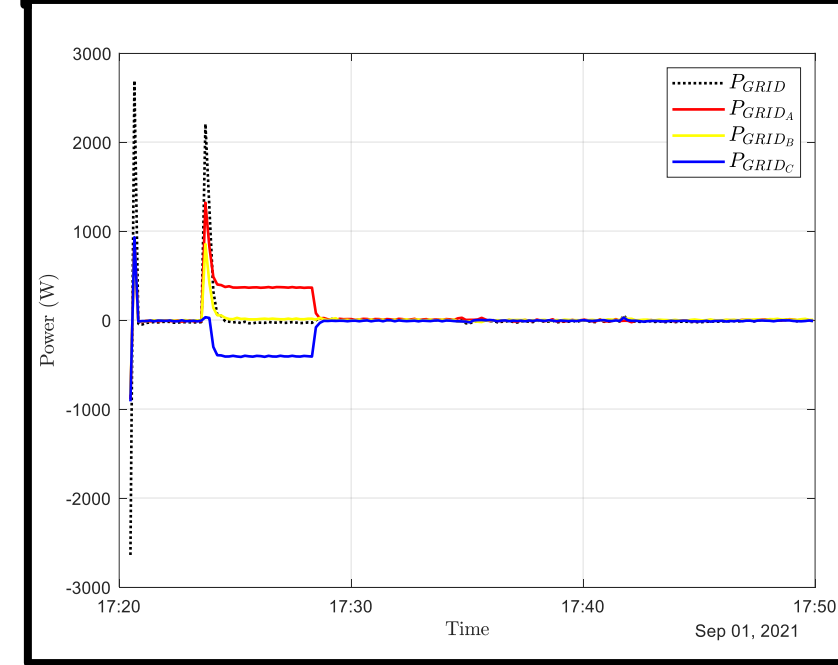
### Load consumption



### ESS operation



### Exchange power with the grid

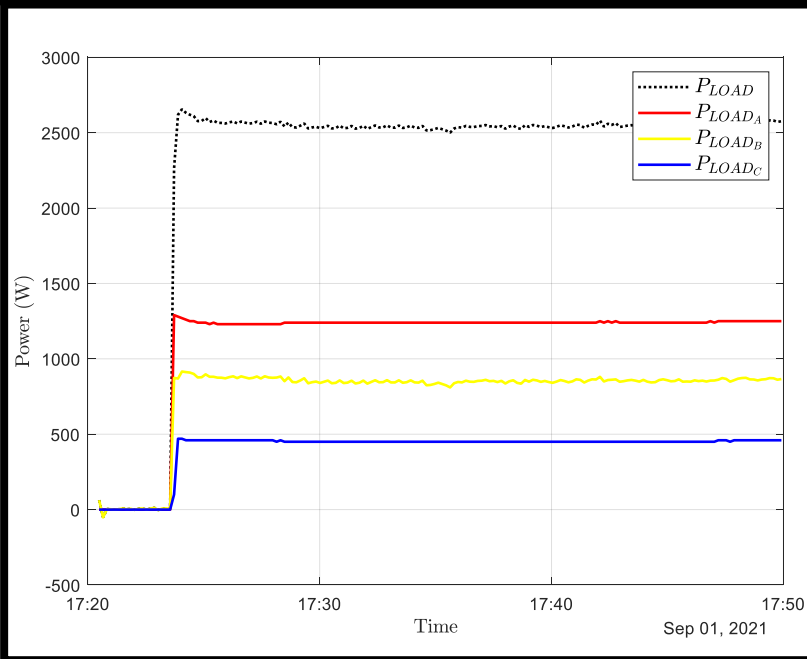


# Intelligent Control and Management

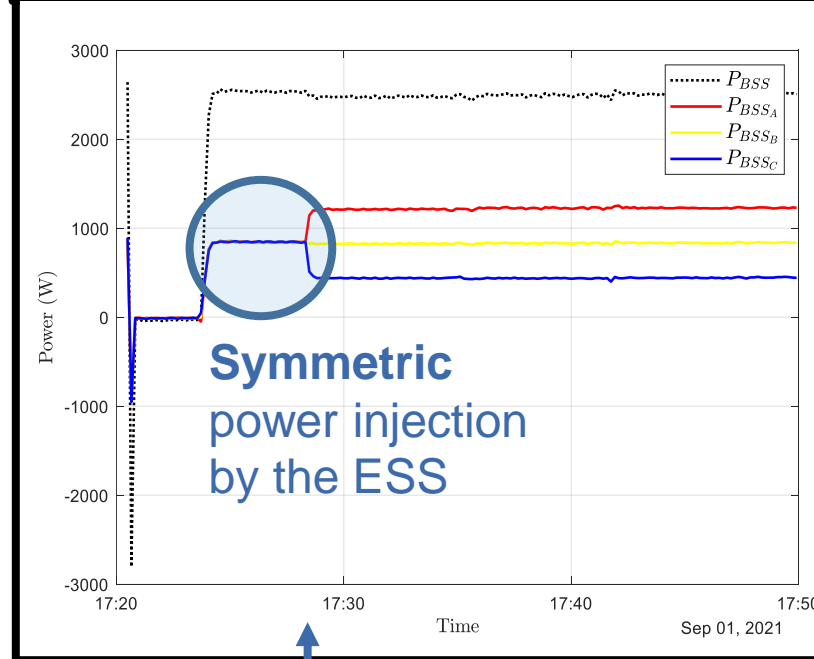
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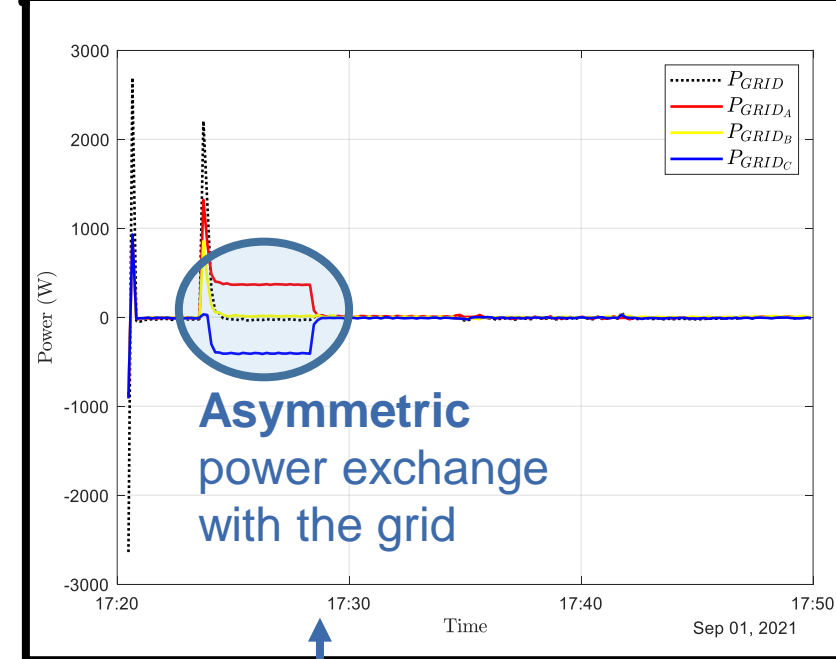
### Load consumption



### ESS operation



### Exchange power with the grid

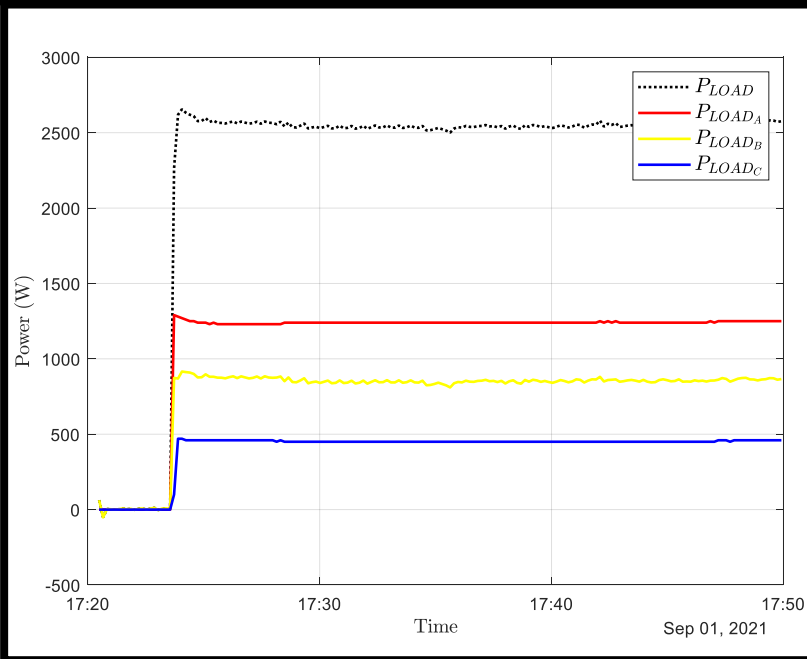


Activation of phase balancing mode

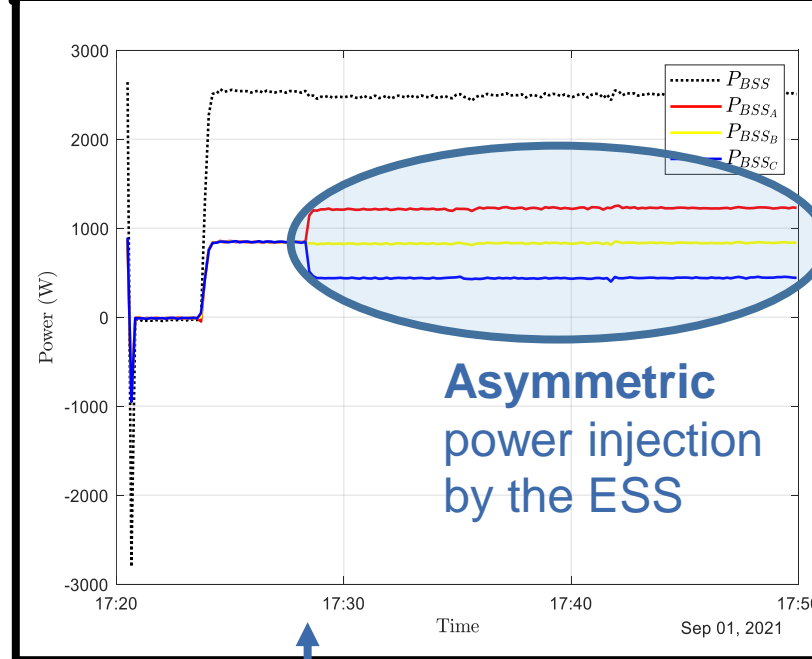
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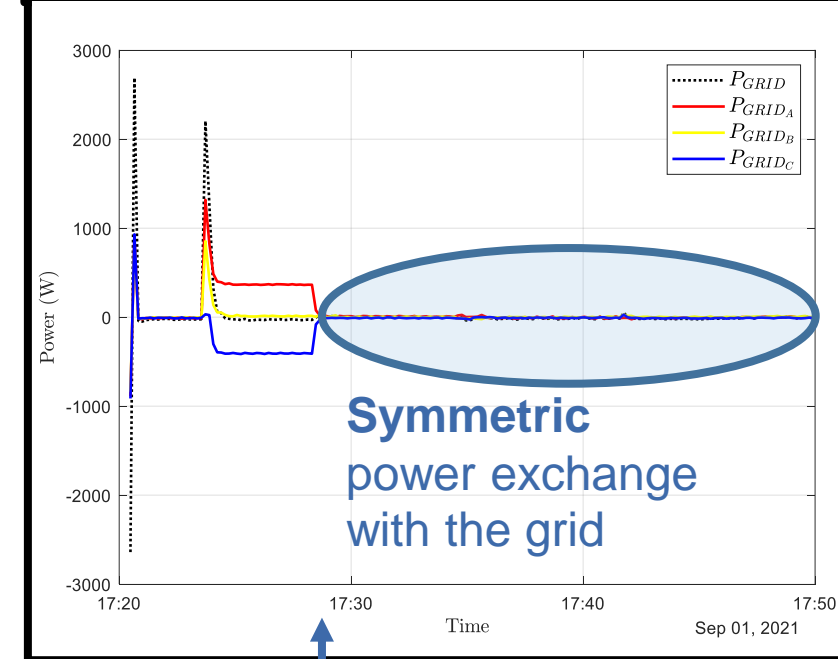
### Load consumption



### ESS operation



### Exchange power with the grid

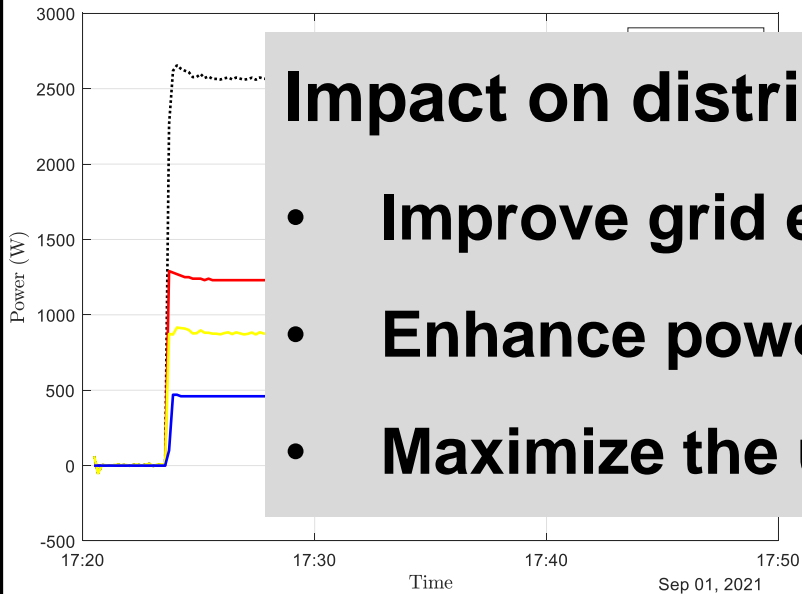


Activation of phase balancing mode

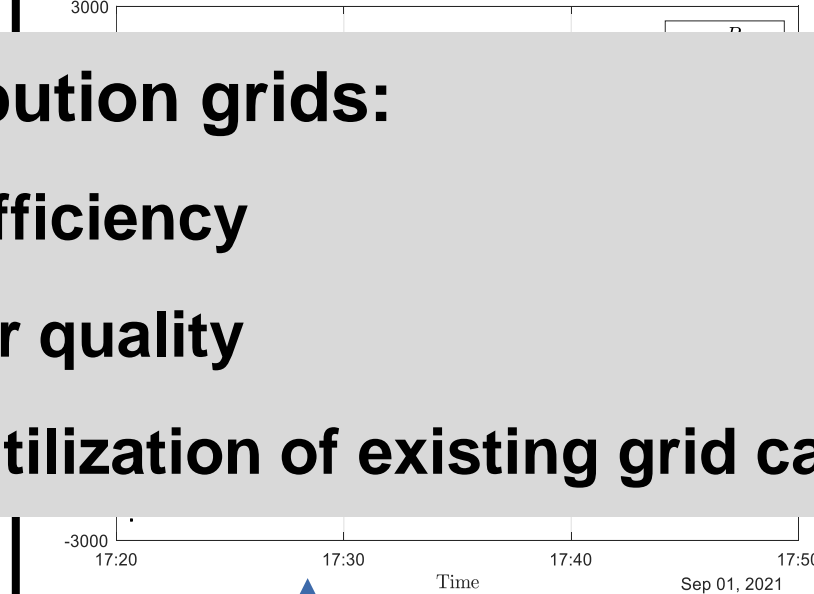
## Secondary Control Schemes

- Constant power, Reactive support and Phase balancing scheme
  - Pilot results for phase balancing mode

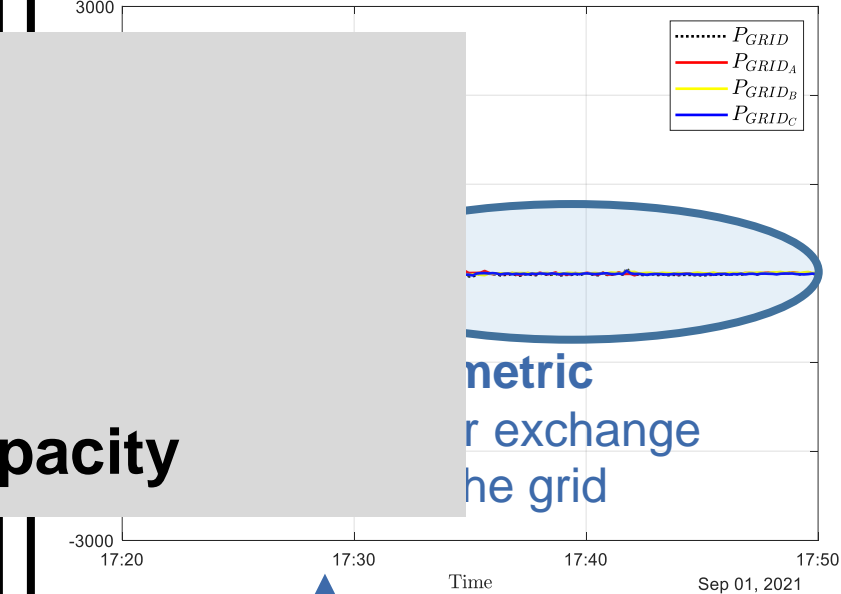
### Load consumption



### ESS operation



### Exchange power with the grid



### Impact on distribution grids:

- Improve grid efficiency
- Enhance power quality
- Maximize the utilization of existing grid capacity

Activation of phase balancing mode

# Intelligent Control and Management

## A different Tertiary Control Scheme for each pilot

- **EMPOWER Pilot I - Energy Storage and RES – (producer level)**

- Maximize profit and controllability



- **EMPOWER Pilot II - Energy Storage for active distribution grids – (grid level)**

- Optimal peak-shaving services



- **WiseStorage Pilot - Energy Storage for smart buildings (building level)**

- Electricity cost minimization



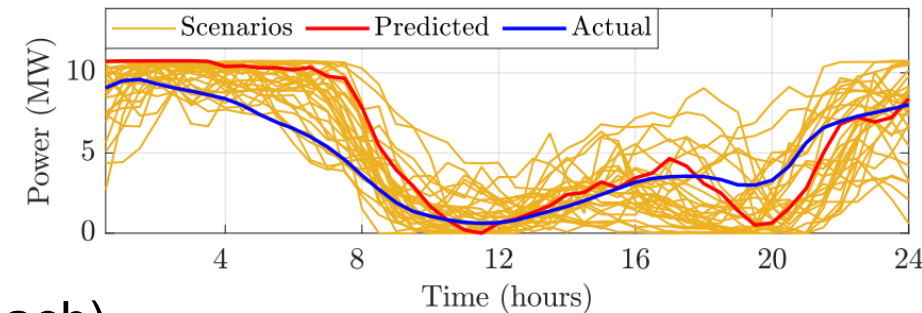
# Intelligent Control and Management

## A different Tertiary Control Scheme for each pilot

- **EMPOWER Pilot I - Energy Storage and RES – (producer level)**

### Maximize profit and controllability [3]

- Intelligent robust/stochastic optimization to maximize profit and minimize power violations (due to forecasting uncertainties)
- Consider multiple historical forecasting-generation scenarios
- Real-time control of storage operation in the pilot site



### Results

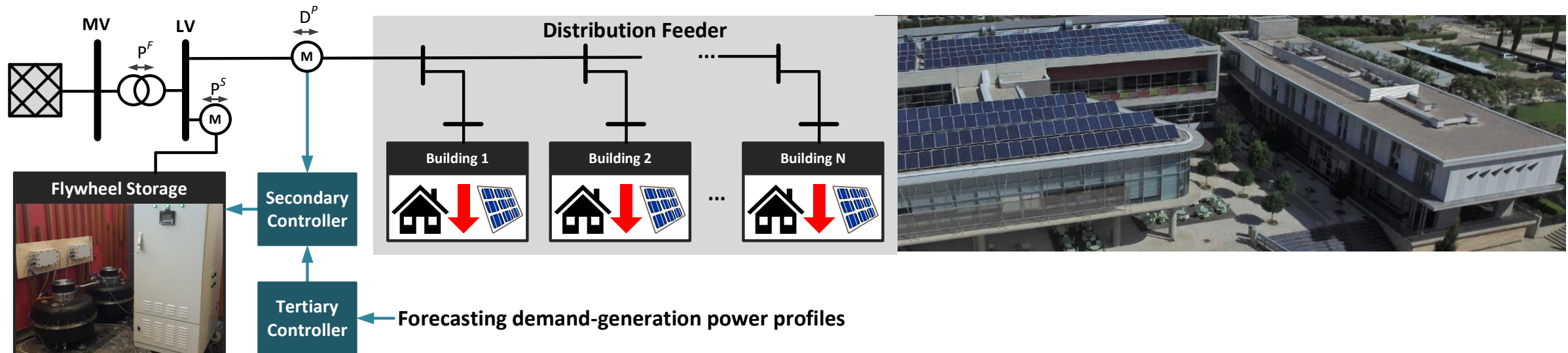
- **Stochastic optimization** (compared to deterministic approach)
  - **Profit:** 7.5% increase
  - **Power violations:** 31% decrease
- **Robust optimization** (compared to deterministic)
  - **Profit:** 6.5% increase
  - **Power violation:** 59% decrease

[3] L. Tziovani, L. Hadjidemetriou, S. Timotheou, “Energy scheduling of wind-storage systems using stochastic and robust optimization,” in Proc. IEEE PES General Meeting, Denver, USA, 2022, pp. 1-5.

# Intelligent Control and Management

## A different Tertiary Control Scheme for each pilot

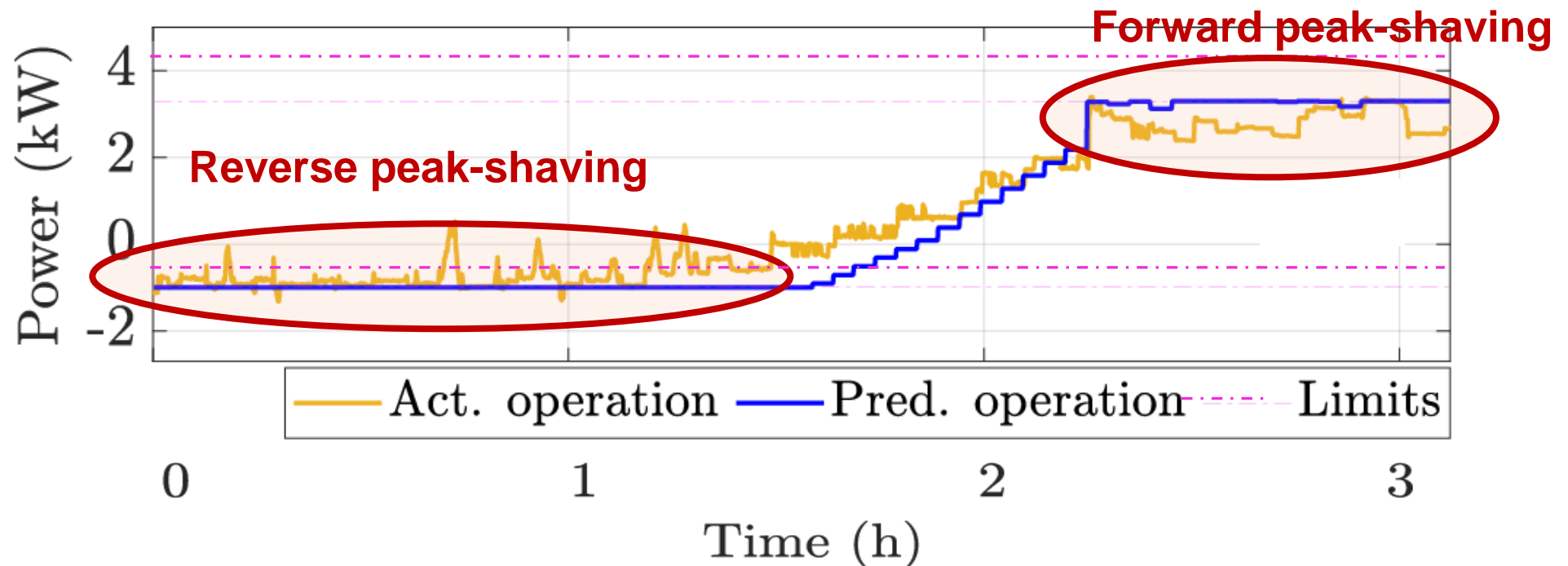
- **EMPOWER Pilot II - Energy Storage for active distribution grids – (grid level)**
  - **Optimal peak-shaving services [4]**
    - **Modeling:** Flywheel storage modeling using standard-form convex expressions
    - **Secondary controller:** to provide peak-shaving services under uncertainties
    - **Tertiary controller:** A novel lexicographic optimization to prioritize different objectives (first to minimize power-energy transformer violations and then to minimize energy losses)



[4] L. Tziouvani, L. Hadjidemetriou, C. Charalampous, M. Tziakouri, S. Timotheou, E. Kyriakides, "Energy management and control of a flywheel storage system for peak shaving applications," *IEEE Tran. Smart Grid*, vol. 12, no. 5, pp. 4195-4207, Sep. 2021.

## A different Tertiary Control Scheme for each pilot

- **EMPOWER Pilot II - Energy Storage for active distribution grids – (grid level)**  
**Optimal peak-shaving services [4]**
  - **Results:** Effective peak shaving with minimum losses





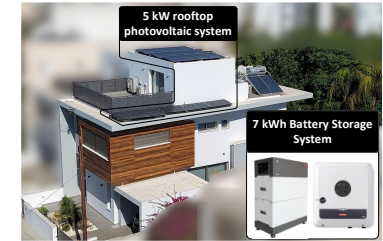
# Intelligent Control and Management

## A different Tertiary Control Scheme for each pilot

- **WiseStorage Pilot - Energy Storage for smart buildings**

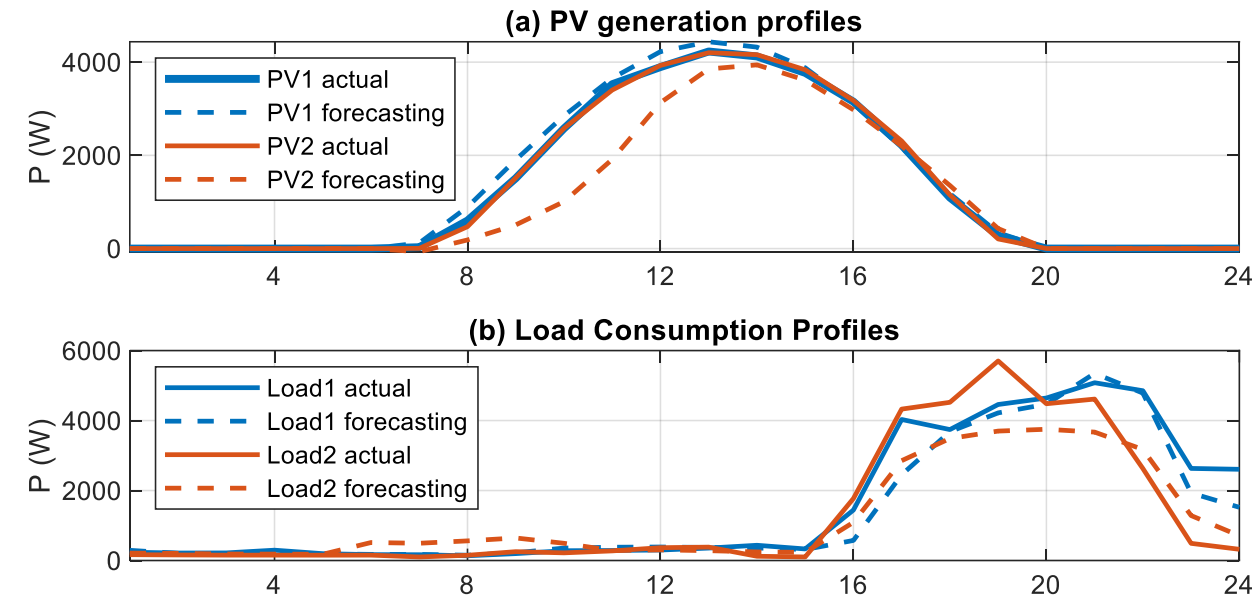
### Electricity cost minimization [5]

- Intelligent forecasting of demand-generation
- Energy management optimization under:
  - Net-billing framework
  - Variable pricing scheme (Spain)
  - Low (PV1/Load1) or high (PV2/Load2) forecasting uncertainties



### Results (compared to self-consumption mode)

- **Self-consumption mode:** 6-25% electricity cost reduction (compared to no battery scenario)
- **Proposed intelligent mode:** 20-40% electricity cost reduction (compared to no battery scenario)



[5] L. Tziovani, P. Kolios, L. Hadjidemetriou, E. Kyriakides, "Grid friendly operation with profit and reliability maximization of a hybrid photovoltaic-storage system," in Proc. IEEE SEST, Porto, Portugal, 2019, pp. 1-6.

# Conclusion

- **Though the EMPOWER project an intelligent three-level control framework has been developed for energy storage systems to:**
  - Advance the grid integration of renewable energy
  - Enhance power system stability
  - Improve efficiency, power quality and grid utilization
  - Reduce electricity cost and maximize profit
- **The intelligent control and management solutions have been validated and demonstrated in three operational pilots considering**
  - Energy storage at the renewable energy producer level
  - Community storage for grid level applications
  - Energy storage for smart building or prosumers
- **Intelligent energy storage systems can increase the competitiveness of green technologies and can maximize the renewable energy penetration level**

# Thank you for your attention



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