

# "RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technologies and Applications" by

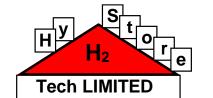
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# Scientific Contributors Acknowledgements



#### FREDERICK UNIVERSITY



Hystore Tech Ltd, Hystore Technologies Ltd, Hydrogen Filling Stations Ltd



**NCSR "Demokritos"** 



#### Deutsches Zentrum für Luft-und Raumfahrt, DLR



#### **Acknowledgements to:**

INTEGRATED/0916/0031: Integration of innovative green technologies on existing public transportation buses for 5% to 30% fuel savings

INTEGRATED/0609/0074: Storage & Renewables Electrifying Cyprus

**EUROSTARS/1018/0010: E113229 HyFly-VTOL: Development of small vertical take-off** 

and landing UAV with dedicated Hydrogen fuel cell





#### **OVERVIEW**

- 1. The transition from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy"
- 2. Do we have companies in Cyprus working on Hydrogen Technologies? (examples?)
- 3. Why RES & Hydrogen
  - Why Renewable Energy Sources (RES)
  - Why to use Hydrogen (H2)?
- 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications
  - > PV Parks, Wind Parks
  - H<sub>2</sub>/Fuel Cell Electricity generation
  - Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (Cars and Buses)
  - > RES Storage in the form of Hydrogen
  - PV Electrolysis, Compressed Hydrogen Gas (CHG) for Hydrogen Filling Stations
  - > HHO generators for Vehicles and Marine applications
  - Hydrogen production from recycle metals (Aluminium, etc)

#### 5. Conclusions





# 1. The transition from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy"

#### European Targets for 2030

- > At least 40% cuts in greenhouse gas emissions (from 1990 levels)
- > At least 32% share for Renewable Energy Sources (RES)
- > An electricity interconnection of at least 15%

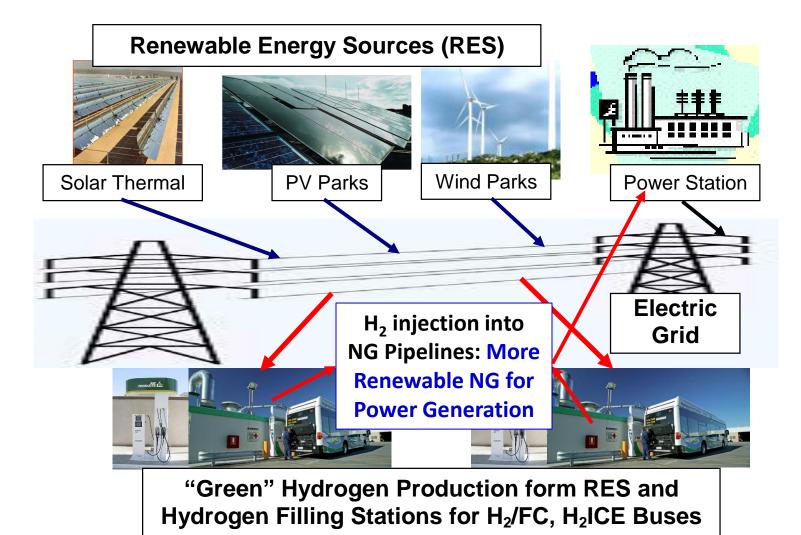
#### Achieve Climate neutrality by 2050

At the same time we have to act within the UN Agenda for 2030 which includes among others "Circular Economy"



The Envisioned System in Cyprus for the Penetration and Contribution of RES in Decarbonization and "Green" Transportation, towards "Hydrogen Economy"







2. Do we have companies in Cyprus working on Hydrogen Technologies?

Hy H<sub>2</sub> re
Tech LIMITED

(Hystore Tech Ltd, Hystore Technologies Ltd, Hydrogen Filling Stations Ltd)

Established from 2003, Ergates Industrial Area, Nicosia 1080 m<sup>2</sup> Factory: 240 m<sup>2</sup> offices and 840m<sup>2</sup> Research/Development and Production





#### Hystore Tech Ltd Activities



#### Activities:

#### Renewable Energy Sources (RES)

- Design/Construction/Operation of PV Parks
- > Constructed 4X150kW PV Parks operating in Orouda area since 2010

#### Hydrogen Technologies

- > Hydrogen Production by PEM and Alkaline Electrolysis
- > PV Electrolysis to produce "Green H<sub>2</sub>"
- > "Green Electricity" production with H2/Fuel Cells
- $\triangleright$  Metal Hydrides (AB<sub>2</sub>, AB<sub>5</sub>-type) materials and MHC
- Hydrogen Storage (Metal Hydride Tanks (MHT), Compressed Hydrogen Gas (CHG))
- > Hydrogen Systems to power Drones and increase their flying time
- > HHO Generators for Buses, Boats, Vessels to save fuel consumption by 5-30% and reduce the exhaust gas emissions by >20%
- $\succ$  H<sub>2</sub> Production by semi-catalytic decomposition of H<sub>2</sub>O by using recycle metals (Aluminium, etc), without electricity
- > H<sub>2</sub> Production by Chemical Hydrides





#### 3. Why RES & Hydrogen

#### Why Renewable Energy Sources (RES)

- We are running out of fossil fuels
- For a cleaner environment
- For sustainability

#### Why to use Hydrogen $(H_2)$ ?

- It can be produced by RES anywhere (Water Electrolysis)
- It can be stored as Liquid, Compressed Gas, Metal Hydrides, Chemically (LiH, NaBH4, LiAlH4, NH3, CH3OH, (CH3)2O, CH4)
- It can be used as a fuel in transportation and other applications
- It is the cleanest and only carbon-less fuel producing only harmless water





### The Color of Hydrogen

- > Green H2: Water Electrolysis via RES (Cleanest Option)
- > Yellow H2: Water Electrolysis via RES and Fossil Fuels
- Pink H<sub>2</sub>: Water Electrolysis via Nuclear Energy (Clean or What?)
- Blue H<sub>2</sub>: NG reforming with Carbon Capture Usage and Storage (CCUS)
- > Grey H<sub>2</sub>? NG reforming without Carbon Capture Usage and Storage (CCUS)
- > Turquoise H<sub>2</sub>: Methane Pyrolysis (H<sub>2</sub>, Carbon)
- Brown/Black H<sub>2</sub>: Gasification of Coal (H<sub>2</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>)





## 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

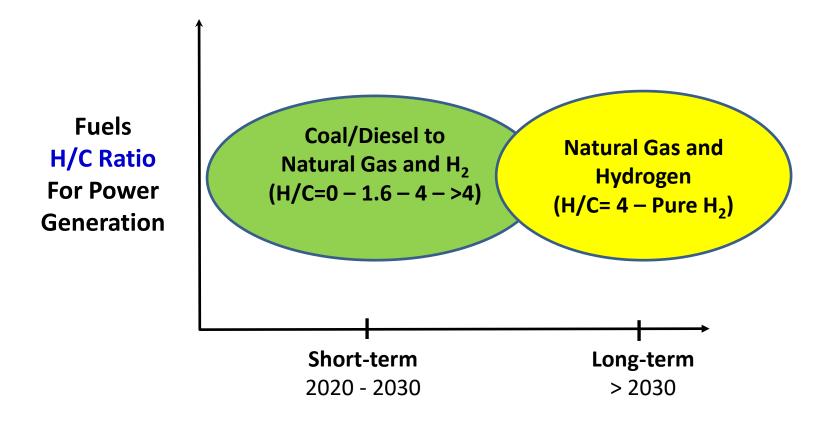
Short Run: Transition from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy" (2020 - 2030 - ?)

Long Run: Sustainable "Hydrogen Economy" (>2030 - ?)





# Fuel transition from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy"







## 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

Sustainable "Hydrogen Economy" (>2030 - ?)





## 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

- > PV Parks
- > Wind Parks
- > Solar Thermal?



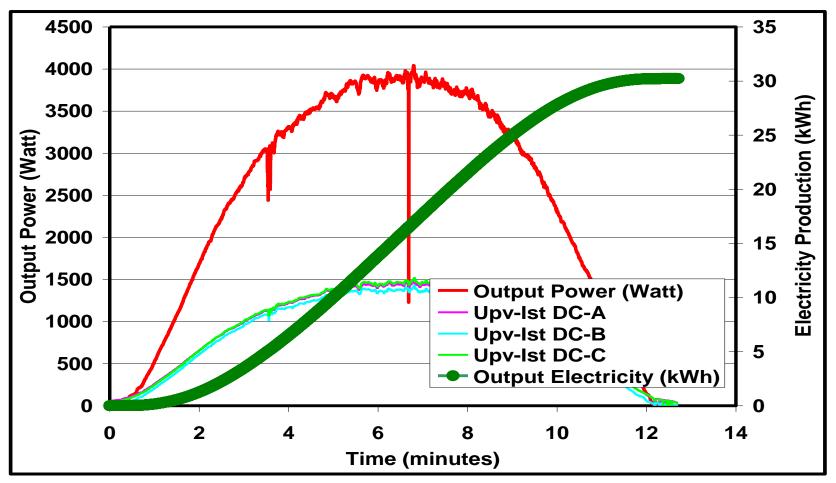


#### Grid-connected Photovoltaic System (5.25 kW) in 2005





# Grid-connected Photovoltaic (5.25 kW) substation with possible electricity storage in the form of H<sub>2</sub>







#### Design/Construction/Operation of 4X150kW PV Parks



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# 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications H<sub>2</sub>/Fuel Cell Electricity generation

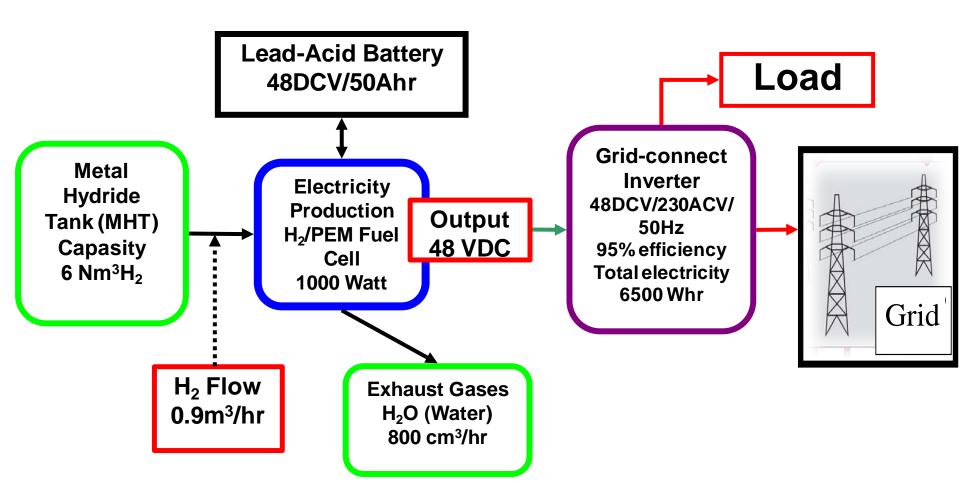
Abundant: Solar – Wind – Water





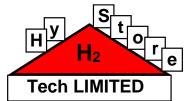
Distributed Electricity Generation (DER) with the use of H<sub>2</sub>/Fuel Cells, with zero CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (TEXNO/0603/03)







#### Distributed electricity generation with the use of H<sub>2</sub>/Fuel Cells, with zero CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (TEXNO/0603/03)



1 kW H<sub>2</sub>/Fuel Cell





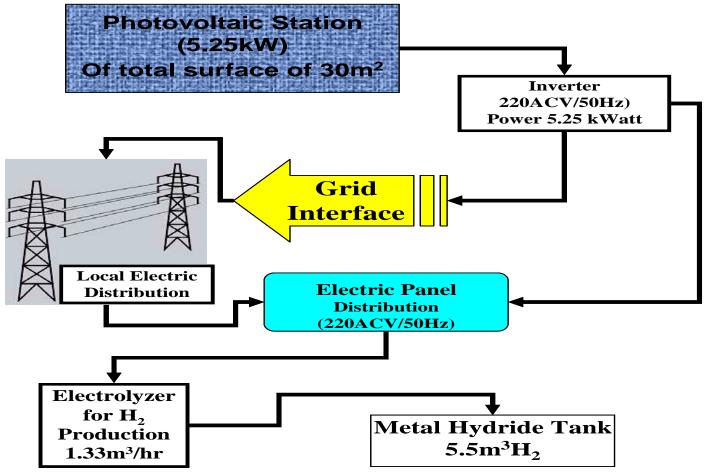


## 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications RES Storage in the form of Hydrogen PV Electrolysis

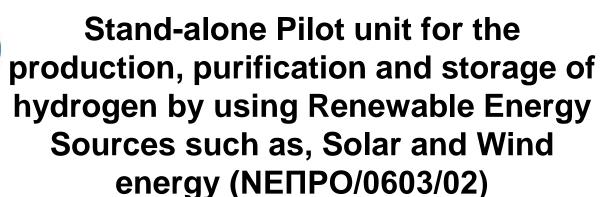




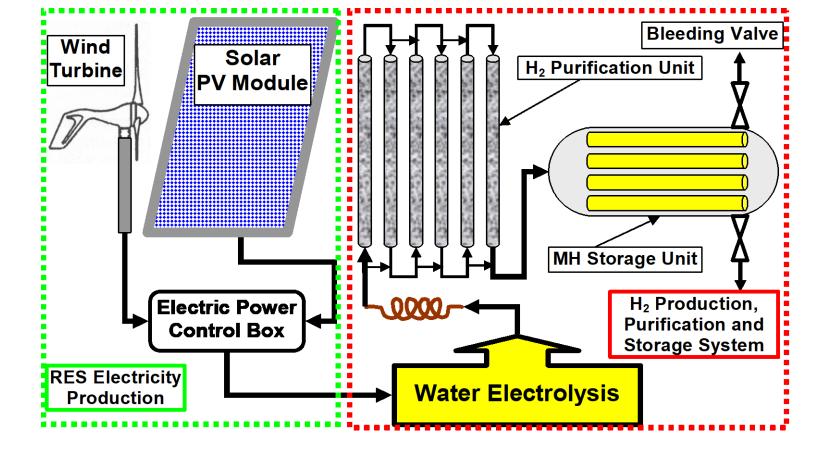
# Grid-connected Photovoltaic substation with possible electricity storage in the form of H<sub>2</sub> (NEΠPO/0204/09)



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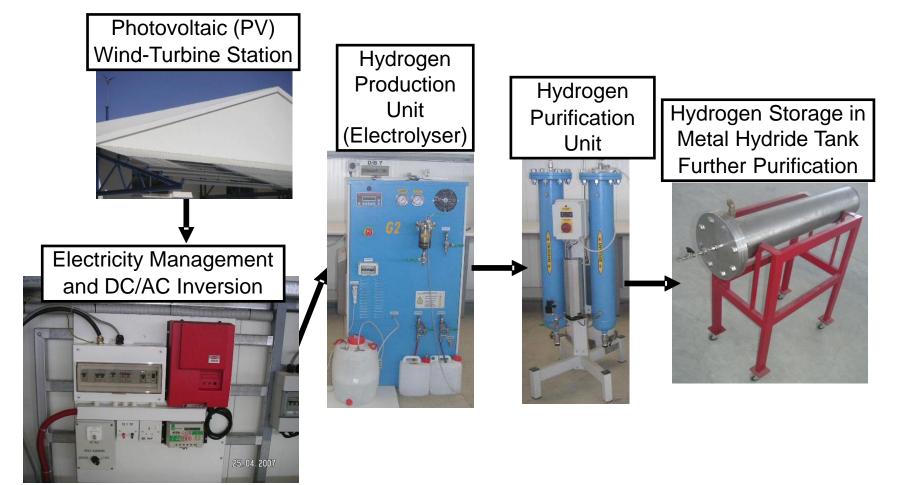






# Stand-alone Pilot unit for the production, purification and storage of hydrogen by using Renewable Energy Sources such as, Solar and Wind energy (NEΠPO/0603/02)







#### Cluster Pilot Project for the Integration of Renewable Energies into European Energy Sectors Using Hydrogen (RES2H2)



H<sub>2</sub> production from Wind-turbines by water-electrolysis and MH storage





# Cluster Pilot Project for the Integration of Renewable Energies into European Energy Sectors Using Hydrogen (RES2H2)



H<sub>2</sub> production from Windturbines by water-electrolysis and MH storage





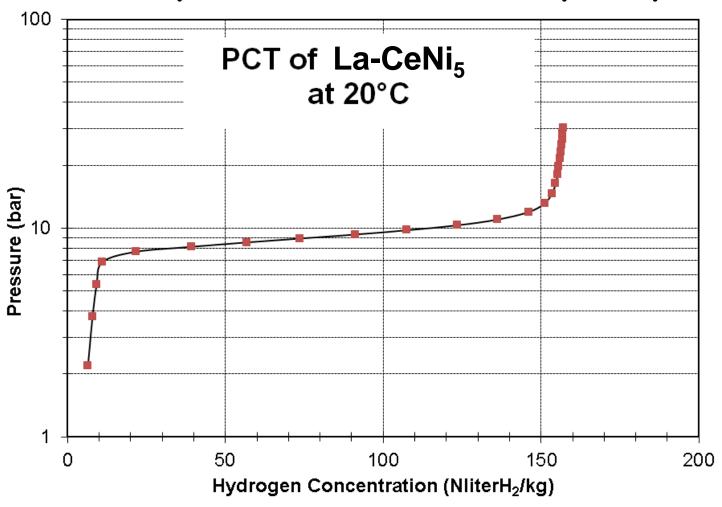


## Hydrogen Storage in Metal Hydride Tanks (MHT) using AB<sub>5</sub>H<sub>6</sub>-type AB<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>-type of Materials





#### Metal Hydride Materials: The principle







#### Metal Hydride Tanks (MHT) Designs/Products







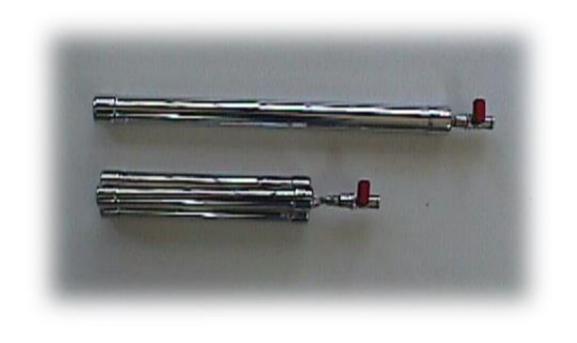
20 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>











100 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>







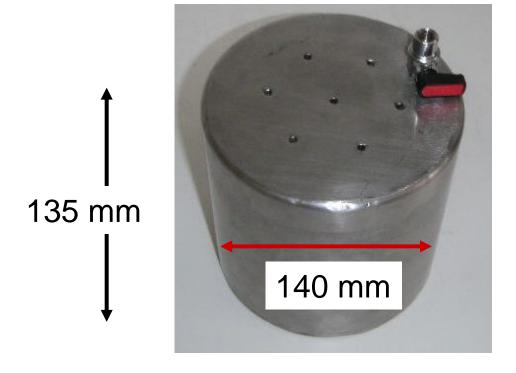
**100, 50 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>** 



150 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>







1110 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>









#### 1000 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>





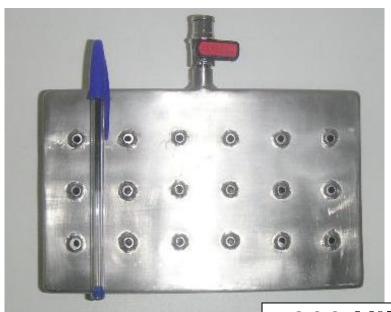




**50-75-100 NlitersH**<sub>2</sub>









300 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>







6000 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>, 120NlitersH<sub>2</sub>/kgMHT (1.2wt%H<sub>2</sub>)

450 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>/literMHT





## Air-cooled MHT, Aluminum Canisters







#### 80000 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>

#### Water-cooled MHT







#### Water-cooled MHT



#### 35000 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>



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#### Water-cooled MHT



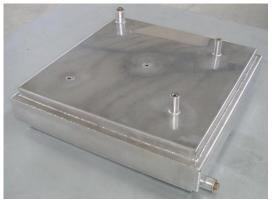
2500 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>





#### Water-cooled MHT









6000 NlitersH<sub>2</sub>, 110NlitersH<sub>2</sub>/kgMHT (1.1wt%H<sub>2</sub>)





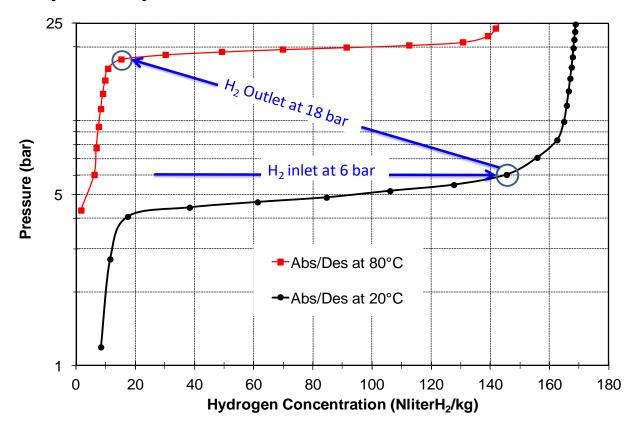
#### 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

Hydrogen Storage in the form of Compressed Hydrogen Gas (CHG) for Hydrogen Filling Stations





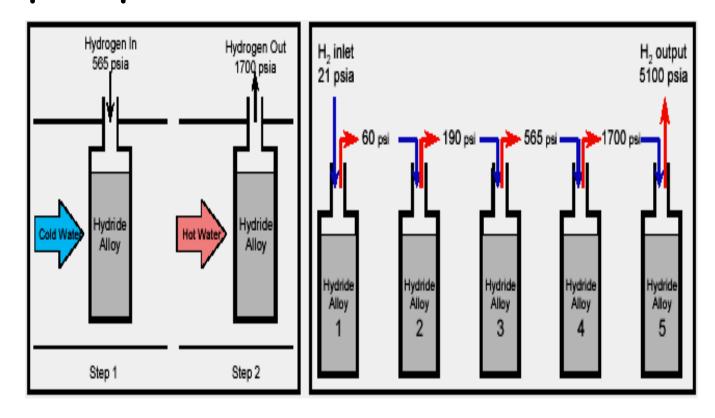
# Hydrogen Storage as Compressed Gas (CHG) at P>200bar): Metal Hydride Compressors (MHC) The principle







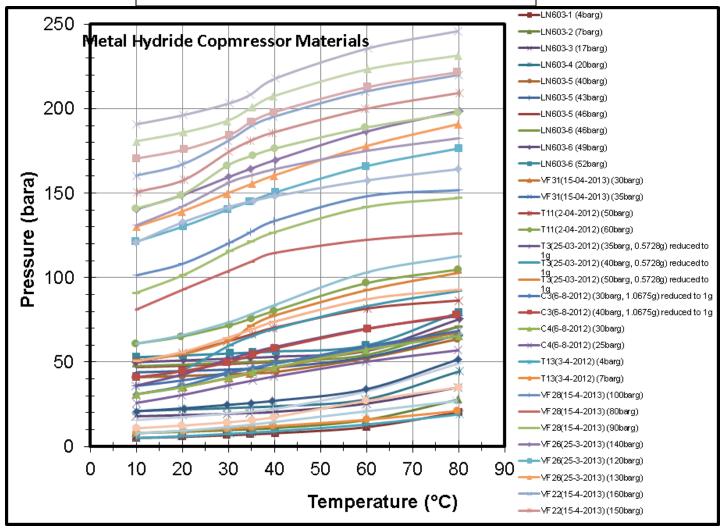
# 3. Metal Hydride Applications Metal Hydride Compressors (MHC) The principle







#### MH materials tested

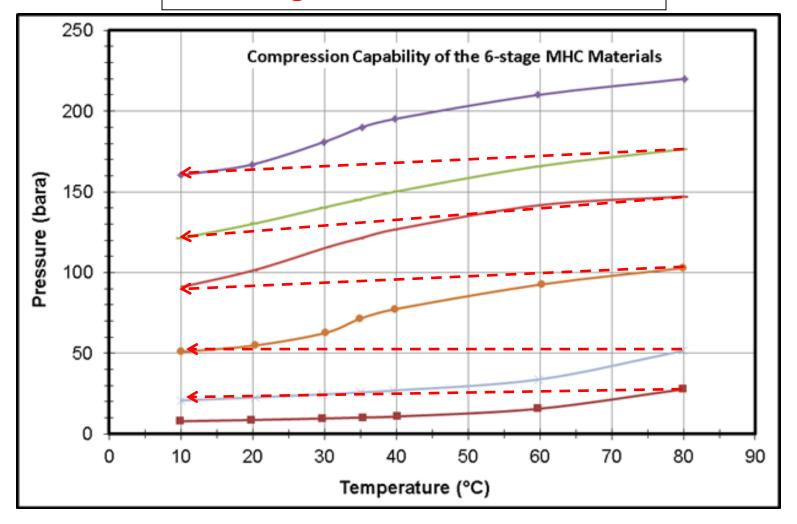


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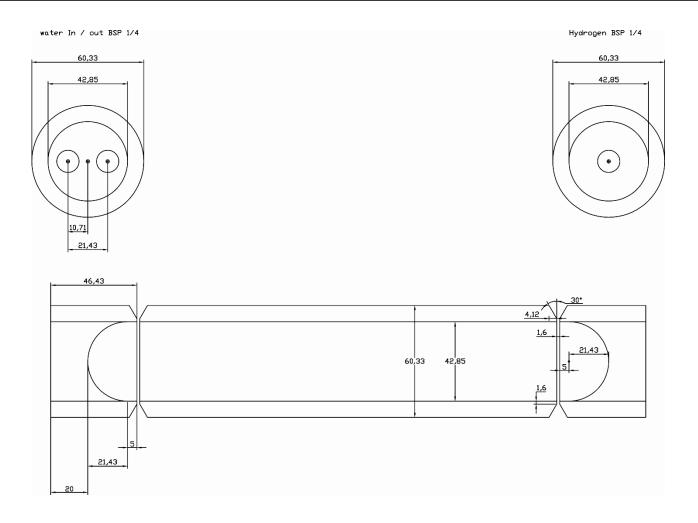


#### 6-Stage MH materials used











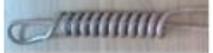




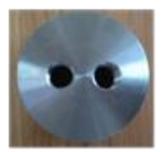












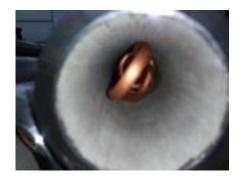


































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#### Cold/Hot Water Management for the MHC







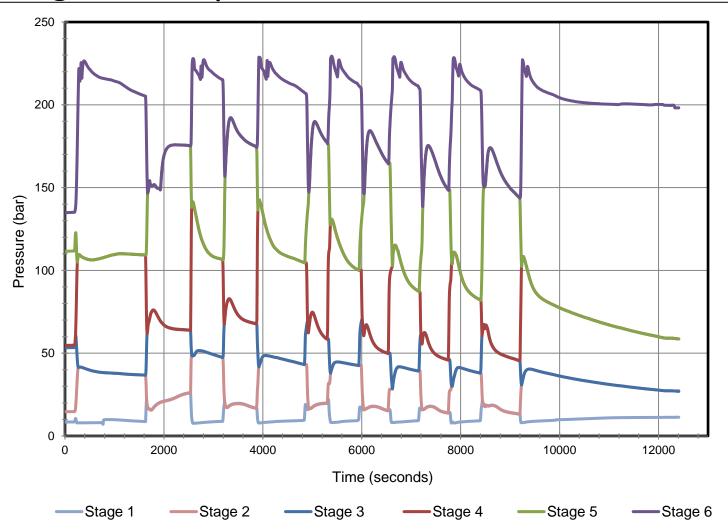
#### 6-Stage MHC Operation, (10-80°C) 2.5m³H<sub>2</sub>/h, >220bar







#### 6-Stage MHC Operation, (10-80°C) $2.5m^3H_2/h$ , >220bar







#### Metal Hydride Compressor (MHC) by CYRUS PC at EKEΦE «Δημόκριτος»





# Compressed Hydrogen Gas Storage in Steel Cylinders up to 300bar on in Carbon-fiber composites >700bar













# 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

### Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (Cars and Buses)





### The race between Fully Battery Electric Vehicles and Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles

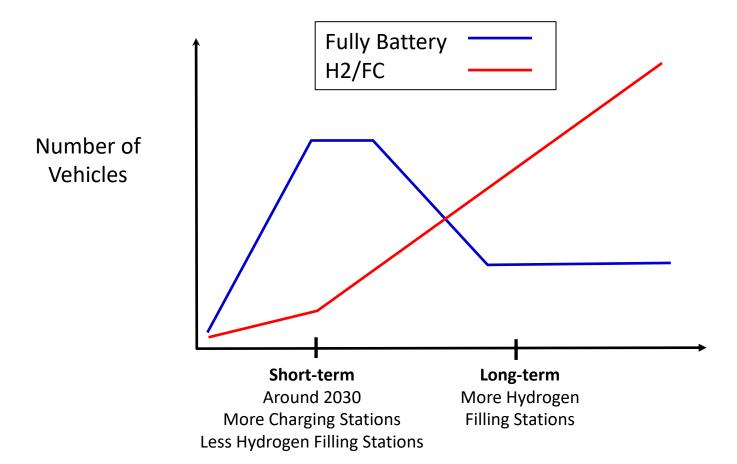
Who is going to win?

Infrastructure and Refuelling time will be the determining factor





## The race between Fully Battery Electric Vehicle and Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles





Fully-Battery Electric Vehicles (TESLA)

It takes X? hours to fully charge: Who is going to sit and wait X? hours in a Charging Station for charging? Unless he/she is going to wait anyway (Home, Workplace, Cafeteria, Shopping Mall, etc)



Hy H<sub>2</sub> r e
Tech LIMITED

Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (Cars and Buses)

It takes only 3-5 minutes to fill-up the Hydrogen Reservoir and

Go. Just like for a conventional car











#### Most of the Automobile Companies have developed Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Cars











#### Most of the Automobile Companies have developed a Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Cars or Buses

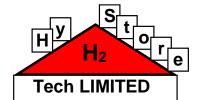




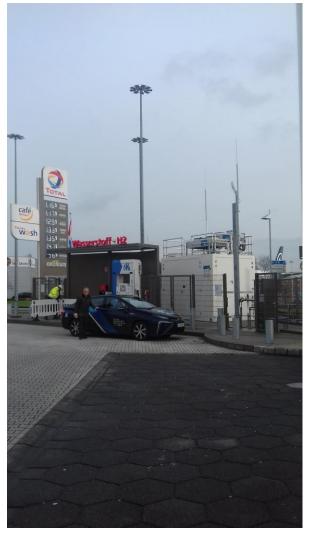








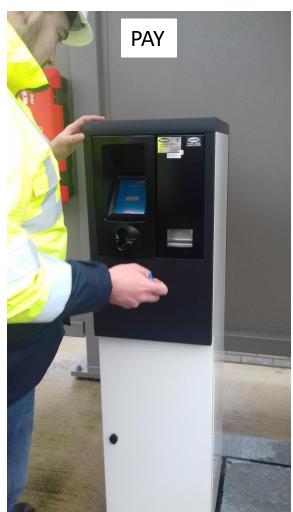
## Hydrogen Filling Stations (Linde in Germany)







#### Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (Cars and Buses)







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Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (The Toyota Mirai)



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### Rough Cost-Comparison between Conventional (Diesel) and Hydrogen Fuel Cell Electric Buses

For a 100 km distance							
	Fuel Consumption		Fuel Price (€)		Total Fuel Cost (€)	Fuel Cost per km (€/km)	
Conventional Diesel Bus	50.0	liters Diesel	1.22	€/liter Diesel	61	0.61	
H <sub>2</sub> /FC Electric Bus	12.5	kgH <sub>2</sub>	3.64	€/kgH <sub>2</sub>	46	0.46	
	Electricity Cost		0.06	€/kWh			
	H <sub>2</sub> Production		5	kWh/Nm <sup>3</sup> H <sub>2</sub>			





# 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

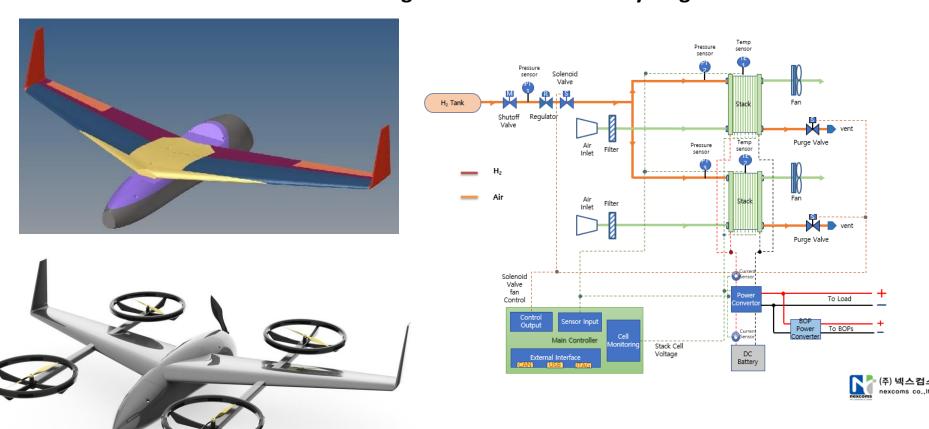
**Drones** 



# 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology (Applications



**Drones:** EUROSTARS/1018/0010: E113229 HyFly-VTOL: Development of small vertical take-off and landing UAV with dedicated Hydrogen fuel cell







### 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

Transition from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy" (2020 - 2030 - ?)



# 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

Transition from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy" (2020 - 2030 - ?)

- Until we reach a nearly full Hydrogen-driven Economy, still, we have to cope with the existing Hydrocarbon-based Machines (Cars, Buses, Trucks, Marine Vessels, Heat-Boilers, Gas-Turbines, etc). We just cannot replace them from Day One.
- > Therefore, what can we do?
- > We have to increase their efficiency to save fuel and at the same time emit less exhaust gases ( $CO_2$ , CO, C particles,  $NO_x$ )





### 4. RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

- HHO generators for Vehicles Gas-Turbines and Marine Applications
- Hydrogen production from recycle metals (Aluminium, etc)





### RES & H<sub>2</sub> Technology Applications

HHO generators for:
 Vehicles (Buses, Trucks, etc)
 Gas-Turbines
 Marine applications









INTEGRATED/0916/0031: Integration of innovative green technologies on existing public transportation buses for 5% to 30% fuel savings and exhaust gas reductions

#### **Hystore Tech Limited**

**RTD Talos Ltd** 

**Signal Geneix Ltd** 

**Frederick Research Centre** 

Ministry of Energy, Commerce, and Industry

**Cyprus Energy Regulatory Authority** 

**Inomob Ltd** 



#### HHO generators for Vehicles, Gas-Turbines and Marine Applications: Additive Technology





#### HHO Generator

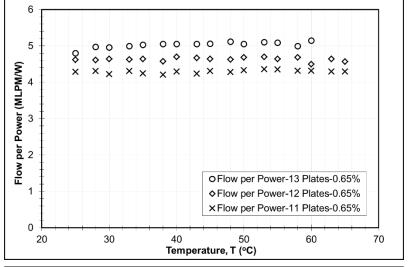
It is a DC (12/24Volts) Water Electrolysis System producing a stoichiometric mixture of nascent 2H+O (Υδρογόνο και Οξυγόνο «εν τω γεννάσθαι») which is fed into the air-intake of an ICE causing the complete combustion of fuel (diesel or Gasoline) saving 5-30% of fuel with diminished CO, NOx, UH emissions

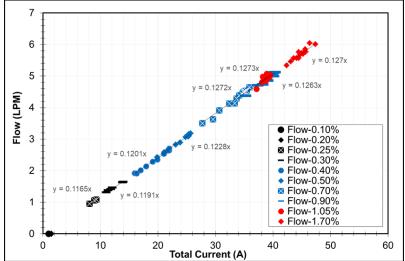


#### HHO generators for Vehicles, Gas-Turbines and Marine Applications- Characterization







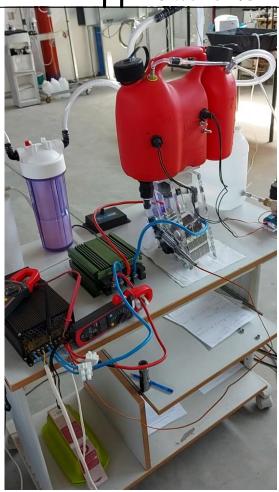


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#### HHO generators for Vehicles, Gas-Turbines and Marine Applications





### 4StacksX13-Plate Design for 24DCV



Hydrogen Production by semi-catalytic Tech LIMITED decomposition of H<sub>2</sub>O by using recycle metals or Chemical Hydrides, without any electricity

$$M + H_2O \rightarrow MO + H_2 1200 liters H_2/kg$$
  
 $MH + H_2O \rightarrow MO + H_2 1700 - 2800 liters H_2/kg$ 



### Any quality of Water can be used !!!:

- Potable Water
- Sea Water
- Gray Water
- Muds
- · Even urine



Hydrogen Production by semi-catalytic Tech LIMITED decomposition of H<sub>2</sub>O by using recycle metals or Chemical Hydrides, without any electricity

$$M + H_2O \rightarrow MO + H_2 1200 liters H_2/kg$$
  
 $MH + H_2O \rightarrow MO + H_2 1700 - 2800 liters H_2/kg$ 



#### Domestic/Neighborhood Applications

- H<sub>2</sub>/FC Decentralized Electricity Production
- Thermal Energy (Central Heating)
   Production (More Renewable NG and LPG)





$$M + H_2O \rightarrow MO + H_2 1200 liters H_2/kg$$
  
 $MH + H_2O \rightarrow MO + H_2 1700 - 2800 liters H_2/kg$ 



#### Niche Applications (H<sub>2</sub>/FC)

For On-Board, on-demand H<sub>2</sub> Production where high gravimetric energy density (kWh/kg) is needed

- Drones (increased flying time, >>Wh/kg)
- Military (Unmanned Electric Vehicles, Mobile Combat Silent Power Supplies, etc)
- For Laboratory uses in schools





#### **CONCLUSIONS**

- 1. RES &  $H_2$  Technologies is the name of the game for moving from the "Oil Economy" to the "Hydrogen Economy" and de-carbonization
- 2. For higher efficiencies and fuel savings
- 3. For fossil fuel independence
- 4. For less  $CO_2$  emissions, slowing-down global warming, combating extreme climatic changes, less pollution, a clean Environment and sustainability





## I Thank You Very Much And Always Think H2